ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

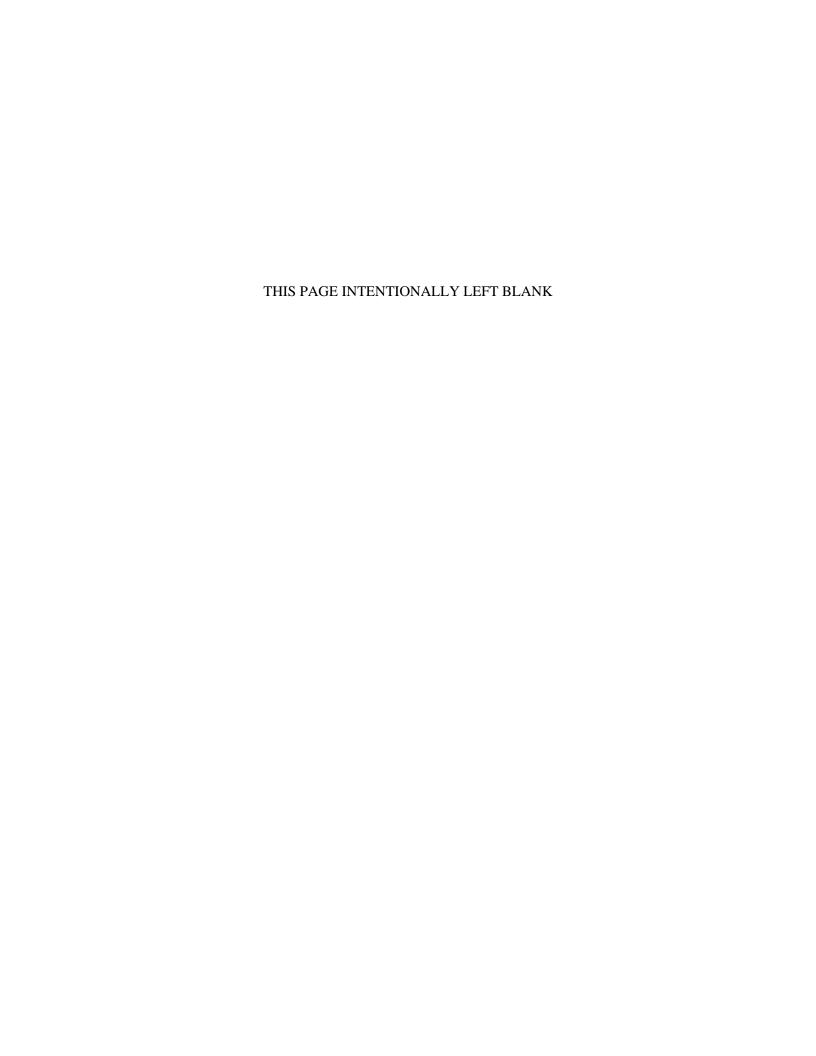


CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

ENVANCEAR GEOTEON	<u>NUMBER</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES:	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	8 9
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds – to the Statement of Activities	10 11 12 13
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	14
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Actual and Budget General Fund Street Fund Building Fund System Development Fund Road Improvement Fund Public Safety Fund Reserve for Replacement Fund Debt Service Fund	25 28 29 31 32 33 34 35
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
New City Hall Fund	36
Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Balances of Taxes Uncollected: General Fund	37
AUDITOR'S COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS	38



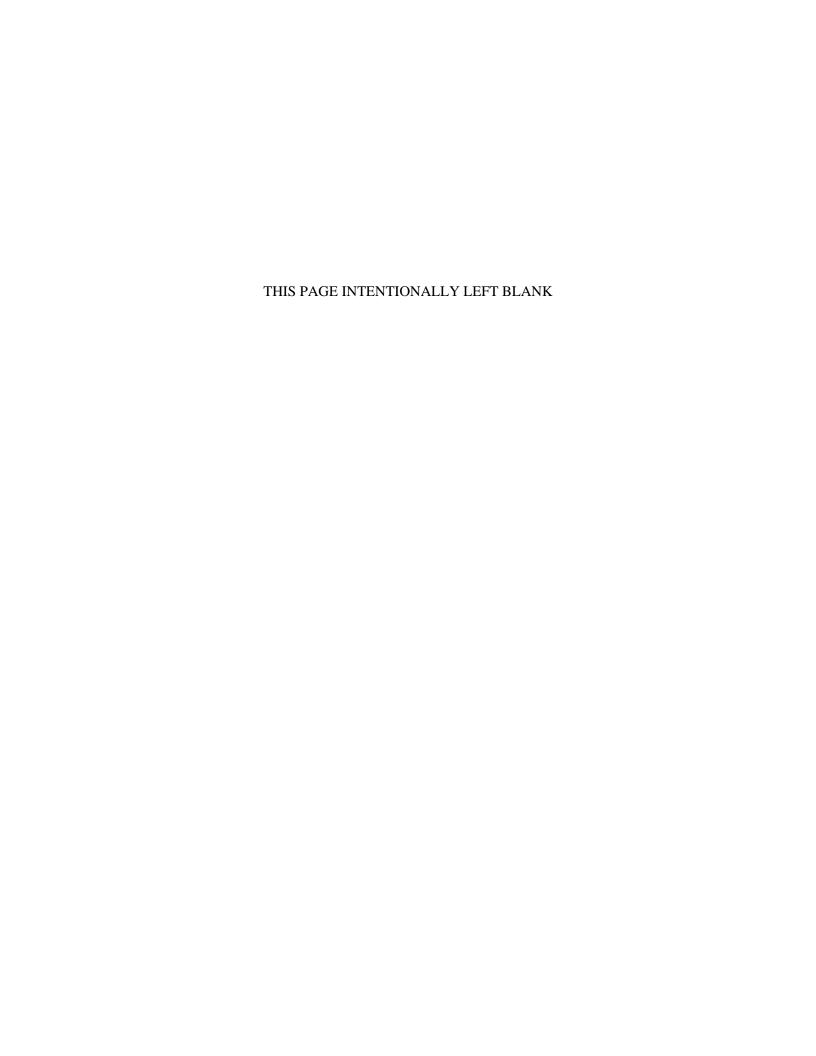
CITY OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2009

<u>NAME</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Rob Wheeler – Mayor	December 31, 2010
Lori DeRemer – Council President	December 31, 2012
Markley Drake	December 31, 2010
Tom Andrusko	December 31, 2010
Michael Morrow	December 31, 2012

All council members receive mail at the address below.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Jason Tuck, Interim City Manager 16000 SE Misty Drive Happy Valley, Oregon 97086 (503) 783-3800 (503) 658-5174





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

PARTNERS

JOHN W. MERINA, CPA . KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Happy Valley Happy Valley, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Happy Valley, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Happy Valley, Oregon's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Happy Valley, Oregon, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Happy Valley, Oregon's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Merina & Company, LLP

Merina & Lompany

West Linn, Oregon

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF HAPPY VALLEY, OREGON MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This section of the City of Happy Valley's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements and notes, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHT

- The City's total net assets were \$60,768,435 at June 30, 2009.
- During the year, the City's net assets decreased by \$966,652. This is due to a decrease in revenues received by the City and the non-capital expenses associated with building the new city hall facility.
- The general fund had an unreserved fund balance at the end of the year of \$786,385. This is equal to 28 percent of total general fund expenditures for the year.
- The full faith and credit obligations end of the year balance was \$4,910,000. This decrease of \$90,000 is per the principle payment schedule as presented in the Official Statement for the obligations.
- An adjustment to the beginning fund balance was required to correct an error made on additions to capital assets in a prior period. The adjustment reduced net assets by \$651,567.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This financial report consists of; management's discussion and analysis (this section), basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements which present different views of the City as well as the notes. The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* and provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the City's overall financial status. The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* and focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The *governmental fund* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending. The notes contain information to help explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* and *other supplementary information* to further explain and support the information in the basic financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the City's net assets and how they changed. Net assets are the difference between the City's assets and liabilities and are a way to measure the City's financial health or *position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are an

indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the City, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements include *Governmental activities* which encompass most of the City's basic services. These include general government, public safety, planning, building, streets, and parks. Property taxes, franchise taxes, permits and fees, and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds but do not provide information about the City as a whole. Funds are accounting tools the City uses to track specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has governmental funds which are explained as follows:

• Governmental funds are used to account for the City's basic services. Governmental funds focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources and the balances of spendable resources available at fiscal year end. As a result, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available to finance the City's services in the near future. Reconciliations are provided to explain the relationship (or differences) between these statements and the long-term focus of the government-wide statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information and other supplementary information concerning the City's compliance with its annual appropriated budget amounts. A budgetary comparison statement for each fund is provided in the supplementary and other supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

CITY OF HAPPY VALLEY - NET ASSETS

	Total	Total
ASSETS:	 2009	2008
Current and Other Assets	\$ 8,759,838	\$ 13,819,731
Long Term Debt	140,713	148,531
Capital Assets	 58,328,069	 55,680,595
Total Assets	67,228,620	69,648,857
LIABILITIES:		
Current and Other Liabilities	1,687,323	2,312,113
Non-Current Liabilities	 4,772,862	4,950,090
Total Liabilities	6,460,185	7,262,203
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets,		
Net of Related Debt	53,377,979	50,638,277
Unrestricted	 7,390,456	11,748,377
Total Net Assets	\$ 60,768,435	\$ 62,386,654

CITY OF HAPPY VALLEY - CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		Total		Total		
REVENUES:	2009			2008		
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	2,057,977	\$	2,307,968		
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes-Perm Rate		988,849		859,558		
Property Taxes-Levy		2,025,976		1,773,665		
Other Taxes		422,485		428,381		
Intergovernmental		567,585		559,998		
Other Revenue		749,804		1,036,599		
Gain on sale of capital assets		0		531,948		
Total Revenues		6,812,676		7,498,117		
EXPENSES:						
General Government		6,429,265		4,909,642		
Building Inspection Program		707,295		797,763		
Parks Development		126,200		2,054,712		
Storm Drainage		58,962		24,302		
Streets		252,246		4,366		
Interest on long term deb		205,360		181,666		
Total Expenses		7,779,328		7,972,451		
Change in Net Assets		-966,652		-474,334		
Beginning Net Assets		62,386,654		62,860,988		
Prior Period Adjustment		-651,567		0		
Ending Net Assets	\$	60,768,435	\$	62,386,654		

The City's total revenues were \$6,812,676 and Net Assets decreased by \$966,652 which indicates a decrease in the City's financial position. The decrease was due in part to the downturn in the economy which resulted in lower revenues collected for services and lower interest rates. The completion of the new city hall facility lowered cash balances considerably which significantly lowered interest earnings.

The City of Happy Valley faces many challenges:

- The city hall facility was substantially completed in November 2008. This facility is much larger than the previous one and will require more resources to maintain.
- The economic slowdown continues to decrease the amount of building in the City. This has caused a considerable decrease in permits and fees paid to the City. As this downturn continues the City faces ongoing decreased revenues.
- East Happy Valley expansion will provide 2,500 acres for future growth. It was hoped this expansion would happen in the next year but due to the current state of the economy it does not seem likely in that time period.
- The majority of the roads (excluding the new developments in the City) do not meet current standards. Funds are not available to improve the roads to a higher level of service.
- Police services are funded through a local option levy and contracted through Clackamas County. The City will have to pass another local option levy next year to continue these services within the City.

- In order to diversify the tax base, the City must expand its boundaries. The City cannot anticipate when that might happen since annexation is by petition only.
- In November 2008 Clackamas County voters approved the creation of a Library District. Currently the City does not operate a library but with this new district there is the expectation of a Happy Valley library. The City is in the process of understanding the expected revenues and expenses associated with the operation of a library and the effect it may have on other finances of the City.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$6,759,268 in 2009. Governmental fund balances totaled \$7,187,388 at June 30, 2009. A summary of changes in governmental fund balances follows:

City of Happy Valley - Changes in Governmental Fund Balances

	Ju	ine 30, 2009	Ju	ine 30, 2008	 Change
General Fund	\$	786,385	\$	815,253	\$ -28,868
Street Fund	\$	386,212	\$	748,525	\$ -362,313
Building Fund	\$	559,371	\$	764,296	\$ -204,925
System Development Fund	\$	1,310,143	\$	1,274,337	\$ 35,806
Road Improvement Fund	\$	567,473	\$	488,993	\$ 78,480
Public Safety Fund	\$	1,682,291	\$	1,679,931	\$ 2,360
New City Hall Fund	\$	1,348,931	\$	5,793,390	\$ -4,444,459
Reserve for Replacement Fund	\$	546,582	\$	0	\$ 546,582

The sizeable decrease in the New City Hall Fund marks the completion of the new facility in the fall of 2008. The considerable increase in the Reserve for Replacement Fund represents the City's commitment to lessen the impact of capital equipment purchases on any one particular fiscal year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund ending fund balance decreased \$28,868 from the prior year. This decrease was due in part to the General Fund transfers to Reserve for Replacement Fund and Debt Service Fund and the decrease in Franchise, Development, Permit, and Business License Fees. Although the General Fund balance decreased there were some revenues in excess of budget estimates. They are as follows:

Property Taxes	\$ 68,046
State Shared Revenues	\$ 37,917
Traffic Fines	\$ 76,561

These excesses were not enough to overcome the deficit amount of the above mentioned fees and transfers.

CAPITAL ASSETS

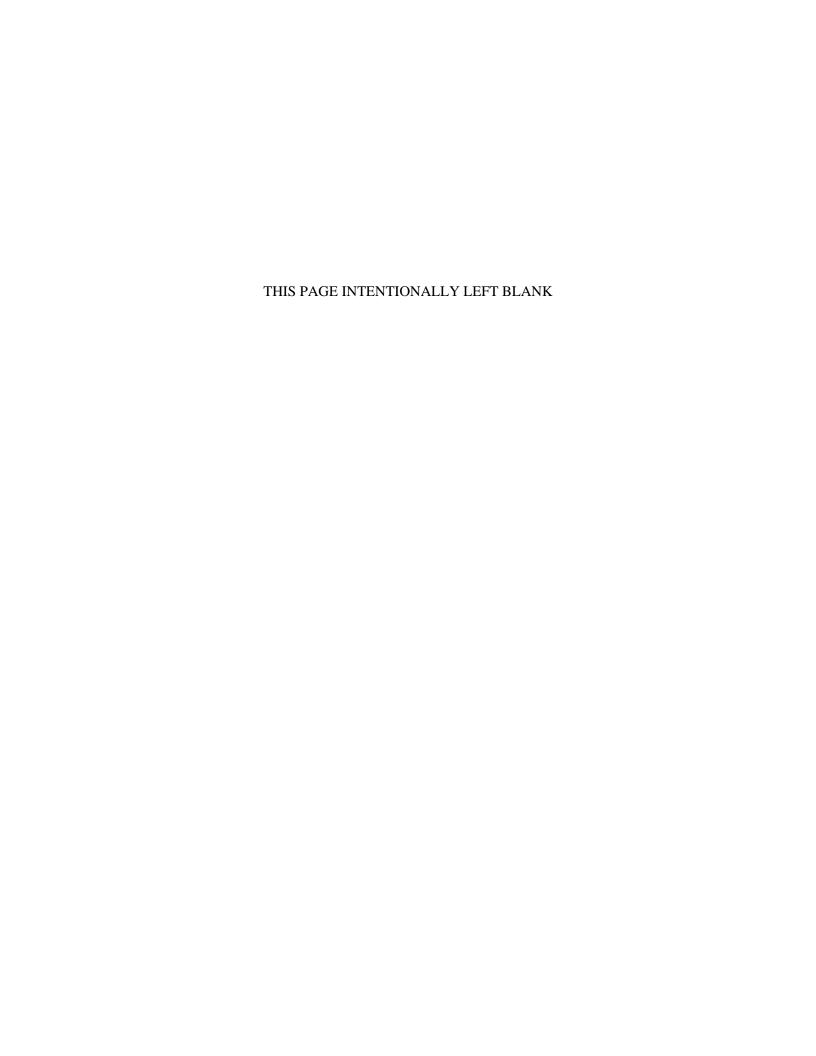
At June 30, 2009, the City had \$58,328,069 invested in capital assets. This is an increase of \$2,647,474 from the previous year. This increase was due primarily to the construction of the new city hall facility. More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

LONG TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2009, the City had outstanding debt of \$4,950,090. The City issued Full Faith and Credit Obligations Series August 2007 to finance a portion of the new city hall facility. The remaining amount for the project was financed using the fund balance accumulated by transfers from the General Fund and the Building Fund. Detailed information about the City's long term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The City's financial report is designed to provide our citizens, with an overview of the City's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any clarification of information please contact the City of Happy Valley. Our address is: 16000 SE Misty Drive, Happy Valley, OR 97086.

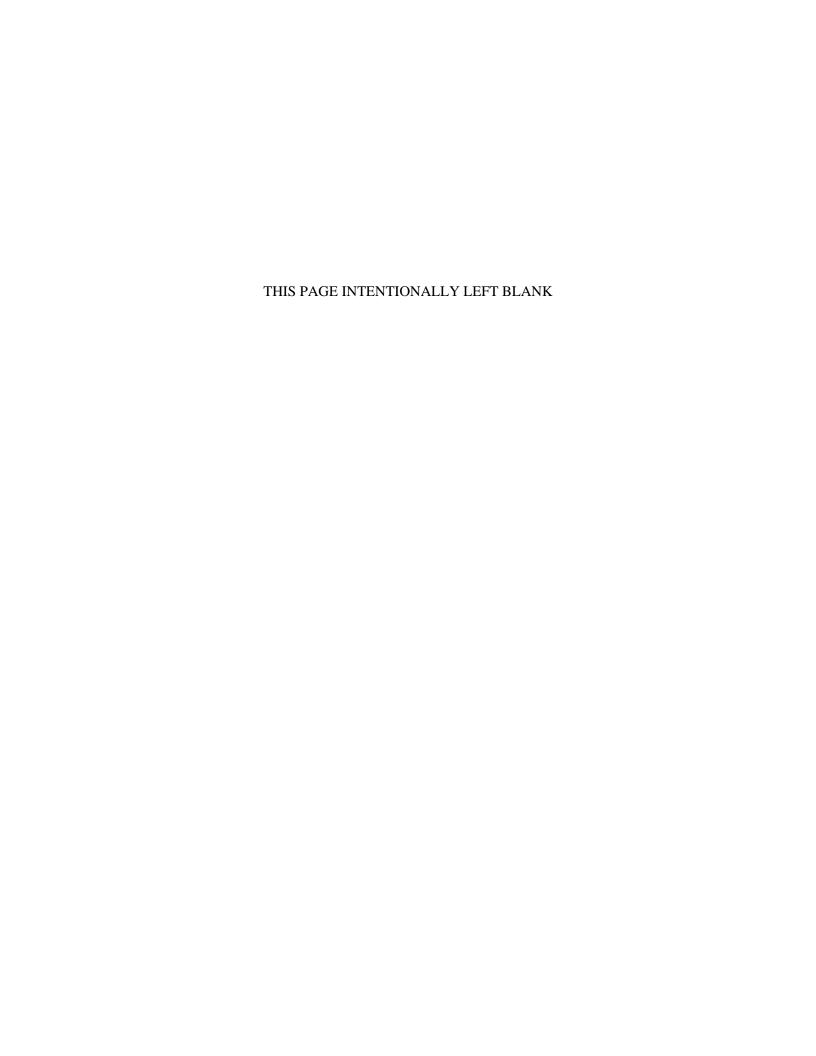


BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

ASSETS

Current Assets:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,347,730
Accounts Receivable	228,137
Property Taxes Receivable	183,971
Total Current Assets	8,759,838
Non-Current Assets:	
Bond issuance costs	140,713
Capital Assets - non-depreciable	3,372,747
Capital Assets - depreciable	62,151,340
Less accumulated depreciation	-7,196,018
Total Non-Current Assets	58,468,782
Total Assets	\$ 67,228,620
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 379,307
Payroll Liabilities	101,207
Other Payables	438,821
Accrued Vacation Payable	104,976
Cable Pegs Fees	198,209
Developer Trust Payable	78,472
Due to Clackamas County	209,103
Current portion of long term debt	177,228
Total Current Liabilities	1,687,323
Non-Current Liabilities:	
Bonds Payable	4,735,000
Premium on bonds payable	37,862
Total Non-Current Liabilities	4,772,862
Total Liabilities	6,460,185
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	53,377,979
Unrestricted	7,390,456
Total Net Assets	\$ 60,768,435



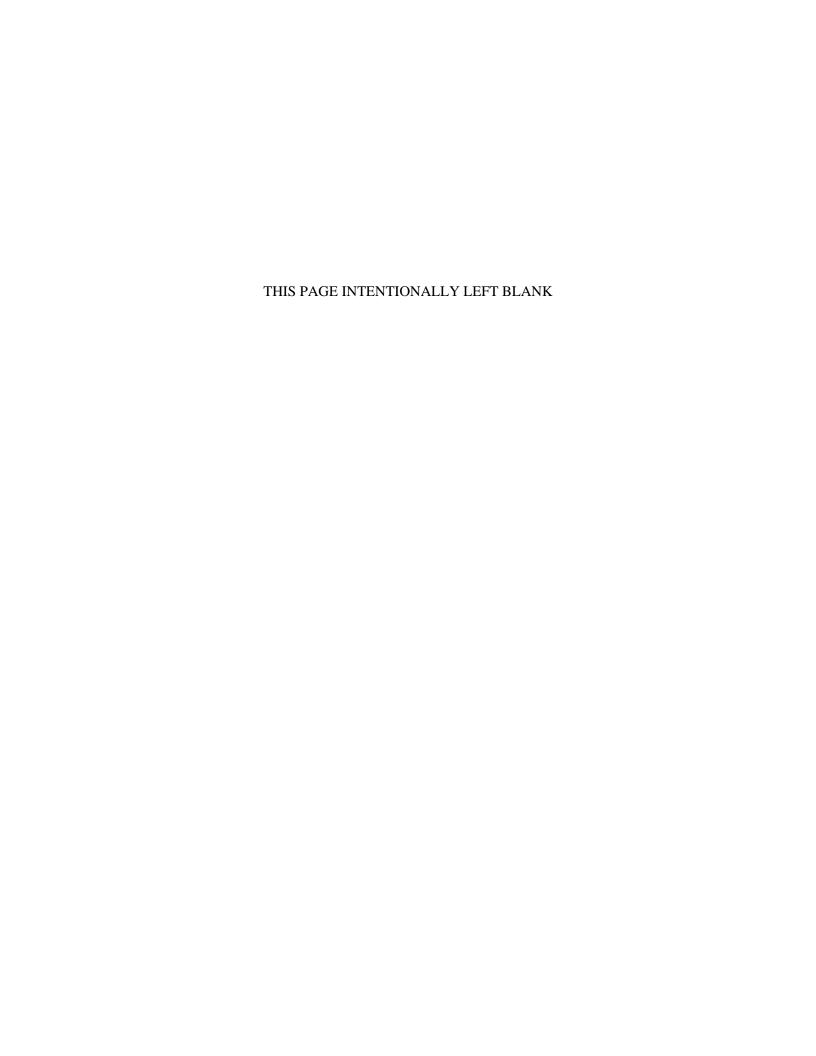
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2009

Functions/Programs	 Expenses	1	Charges For Services	Grar	rating nts and ibutions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
-						
Governmental Activities						
General Government Building Parks Storm Drainage Streets Interest on long term debt	\$ 6,429,265 707,295 126,200 58,962 252,246 205,360	\$	1,314,049 516,393 71,006 67,766 88,763	\$	0 0 0 0 0	\$ -5,115,216 -190,902 -55,194 8,804 -163,483 -205,360
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,779,328	\$	2,057,977	\$	0	 -5,721,351
	(General	Revenues			
		Other Interg	erty Taxes Taxes governmental Revenue			3,014,825 422,485 567,585 749,804
		Total	General Revenues	s		4,754,699
		Chan	ge in Net Assets			-966,652
		Begir	nning Net Assets			62,386,654
		Pri	or Period Adjustm	ient		 -651,567
		Endir	ng Net Assets			\$ 60,768,435

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

ASSETS	 GENERAL FUND	 STREET FUND	UILDING FUND
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 1,550,227 190,549 60,324	\$ 371,840 37,588 0	\$ 662,015 0 0
Total Assets	\$ 1,801,100	\$ 409,428	\$ 662,015
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable Payroll and Payroll Taxes Payable Construction Fees Retainage Cable Pegs Fees Deferred Taxes Developer Trust Payable Due to Clackamas County Total Liabilities	\$ 124,863 73,199 407,350 31,471 198,209 54,877 78,472 46,274	\$ 17,205 6,011 0 0 0 0 0 0 23,216	\$ 69,852 18,872 0 0 0 0 13,920
Fund Balances:			
Unreserved and Undesignated	 786,385	 386,212	 559,371
Total Fund Balances	 786,385	 386,212	 559,371
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,801,100	\$ 409,428	\$ 662,015

SYSTEM ELOPMENT FUND	ROAD ROVEMENT FUND	PUBLIC SAFETY FUND		SAFETY CI			RESERVE FOR EPLACEMEN	<u>T</u> _	TOTAL
\$ 1,459,052 0 0	\$ 568,018 0 0	\$	1,731,734 0 123,647	\$	1,427,853 0 0	\$	576,991 0 0	\$	8,347,730 228,137 183,971
\$ 1,459,052	\$ 568,018	\$	1,855,381	\$	1,427,853	\$	576,991	\$	8,759,838
\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 148,909	\$ 0 545 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$	58,056 2,580 0 0 0 112,454 0 0	\$	78,922 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$	30,409 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 30,409	\$	379,307 101,207 407,350 31,471 198,209 167,331 78,472 209,103
 1,310,143 1,310,143	 567,473 567,473		1,682,291 1,682,291		1,348,931 1,348,931		546,582 546,582	_	7,187,388 7,187,388
\$ 1,459,052	\$ 568,018	\$	1,855,381	\$	1,427,853	\$	576,991	\$	8,759,838



RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2009

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets. **Fund Balances** \$ 7,187,388 The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole. Net Capital Assets 58,328,069 Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. -104,976 Accrued Vacation Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of those differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. \$ -4,950,090 Long term debt Long term debt issuance costs 140,713 Net Adjustment -4,809,377 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Deferred Property Tax Revenue 167,331 Total Net Assets

60,768,435

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	GENERAL FUND		STREET FUND		BUILDING FUND		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND	
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	971,046	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Gas Tax Revenue		0		422,485		0		0
Licenses and Permits		1,329,775		0		516,393		0
System Development Charges		0		0		0		123,046
Intergovernmental Revenues		558,862		0		8,723		0
Other Revenue		575,515		8,276		37,421		27,252
Total Revenues		3,435,198		430,761		562,537		150,298
EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services		1,906,839		180,057		646,436		0
Materials & Services		863,538		89,688		60,859		0
Debt Service		0		0		0		0
Capital Outlay		19,416		115,329		0		114,492
Total Expenditures		2,789,793		385,074		707,295		114,492
Excess of Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures		645,405		45,687		-144,758		35,806
Other Financing Sources, -Uses								
Transfers In		0		0		0		0
Transfers Out		-674,273		-408,000		-60,167		0
Total Other Financing Sources, -Uses		-674,273		-408,000		-60,167		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		-28,868		-362,313		-204,925		35,806
Beginning Fund Balance		815,253		748,525		764,296		1,274,337
Ending Fund Balance	\$	786,385	\$	386,212	\$	559,371	\$	1,310,143

ROAD IMPROVEMEN' FUND	Γ	PUBLIC SAFETY FUND	NEW CITY HALL FUND		 RESERVE FOR REPLACEMENT	<u> </u>	DEBT SERVICE	 TOTAL
\$ 0	\$	1,990,371	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 2,961,417
0		0		0	0		0	422,485
88,763		0		0	0		0	1,934,931
0		0		0	0		0	123,046
0		0		0	0		0	567,585
8,903	_	36,319		56,118	 0		0	 749,804
97,666		2,026,690		56,118	 0		0	 6,759,268
19,186		72,425		0	0		0	2,824,943
0		1,772,304		333,172	15,079		0	3,134,640
0		0		0	0		297,588	297,588
0		179,601		4,167,405	 283,191		0	 4,879,434
19,186		2,024,330		4,500,577	 298,270		297,588	 11,136,605
78,480		2,360		-4,444,459	-298,270		-297,588	-4,377,337
0		0		0	844,852		297,588	1,142,440
0		0		0	 0		0	 -1,142,440
0		0		0	 844,852		297,588	 0
78,480		2,360		-4,444,459	546,582		0	-4,377,337
488,993		1,679,931		5,793,390	 0		0	 11,564,725
\$ 567,473	\$	1,682,291	\$	1,348,931	\$ 546,582	\$	0	\$ 7,187,388

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2009

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and

changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities	
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ -4,377,337
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Fixed Asset Additions \$ 4,775,147 Fixed Asset Deletions -100,164 Depreciation Expense -1,375,942 Net Adjustment	3,299,041
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds. expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes in liability balances between years.	
Compensated Absences	-26,173
The issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources and the repayment of principal of long term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. The issuance of debt along with the related costs and discounts or premiums do not affect net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Long term debt 90,000 Amortization of LTD Issuance Costs -7,818 Amortization of LTD Premium 2,228 Net Adjustment	84,410
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. This adjustment is the net change in deferred taxes between last year and this year.	
Property Taxes	53,407
Change in Net Assets	\$ -966,652

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Happy Valley, Clackamas County, Oregon have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting policies. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Happy Valley was organized in November of 1965, as a Council-Mayor form of government. From January 1991 to December 2000 the City operated under Ordinance 105 that created the position of City Administrator and the City operated under the Council-Administrator form of government. On November 7, 2000 the voters approved a new charter now referred to as the 2000 Happy Valley Charter. The new charter created the position of City Manager. The new form of government formed by the new charter is the Council-Manager. The City Manager is the administrative head of the city government. Beginning with the November 2002 general election, the mayor was elected for a 4-year term and will be at each subsequent general election thereafter. At each general election two council members will be elected each for a 4-year term. The City Manager reports to and is responsible to the Mayor and City Council.

These financial statements include all funds, organizations, departments and offices that are not legally separate from the City of Happy Valley. The elected governing body, the City Council, is not financially accountable for any legally separate organization. In addition, there are no organizations, due to either their nature or significance to the City that would make these basic financial statements incomplete or misleading by their exclusion. The City of Happy Valley has no component units.

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Assets and Statements of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the City's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

The City reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities.

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the City's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the City's general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS

The City reports the following major funds:

GENERAL FUND

This fund accounts for all financial resources and expenditures of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal revenue sources are property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, various fees for provided services, and interest income.

STREET FUND

This fund accounts for the shared state highway revenues and the expenditures authorized by the Oregon Constitution to be made from those revenues.

BUILDING FUND

This fund accounts for the operations of building permits that are issued under state rules, which are Structural, Mechanical, Electrical, Plumbing and Manufactured Dwelling building permits. Revenue and related expenditures for these permits are accounted for in this fund.

SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUND

This fund accounts for the City's development of infrastructure and improvements. Expenditures include credits to developers and capital outlay. Revenues are derived primarily from fees collected from developers.

ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND

This fund accounts for road construction and improvements. Revenues in this fund are derived from collections from other entities or transfers from the General Fund.

PUBLIC SAFETY FUND

This fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of public safety in the City. Revenues in this fund are derived primarily with funds from the four-year law enforcement levy passed by the voters of Happy Valley in 2006.

RESERVE FOR NEW CITY HALL FUND

This fund accounts for purchase of land for and construction of a new City Hall. Revenues are derived from transfers from the General Fund, Building Department Fund and allocated interest.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS (CONTINUED)

RESERVE FOR REPLACEMENT FUND

This fund accounts for the future purchase of items such as heavy equipment, vehicles, and equipment per a replacement schedule. Revenues are derived from transfers from the General Fund, Street Fund, and Building Department Fund.

RESERVE FOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund accounts for the debt service payments for City of Happy Valley, Oregon Full Faith and Credit Obligations Series 2007 issued August 15, 2007. Revenues are derived from transfers from the General Fund.

D. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements uncollected property taxes are recorded on the Statement of Net Assets. In the Fund Financial Statements property taxes that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as deferred revenue because it is not deemed available to finance operation of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property. Property taxes are levied on all taxable property as of July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, and become a lien on that date. Property taxes are payable on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

E. BUDGETS

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by the Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgets for all budgeted funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City begins its budget process early in each fiscal year with the establishment of the budget committee. Recommendations are developed through late winter with the budget committee approving the budget in early spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are published generally in early spring with a public hearing being held approximately three weeks later. The Council may amend the budget prior to adoption; however, budgeted expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than ten percent. The budget is then adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy declared no later than June 30th.

Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the following levels for each fund: Personal Services, Materials and Services, Capital Outlay, Operating Contingency, and Interfund Transactions.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

Expenditures cannot legally exceed the above appropriation levels except in the case of grants which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Management may amend line items in the budget without Council approval as long as appropriation levels (the legal level of control) are not changed. Supplemental appropriations may occur if the Council approves them due to a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations.

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at the original or estimated cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of five years. Interest incurred during construction, maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements
Equipment
Streets

15 to 75 years
5 to 15 years
40 years

G. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the life of the bonds.

In the fund financial statements bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized when incurred. The face amount of the debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

H. RETIREMENT PLAN

City employees are participants in Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Contributions to PERS are made on a current basis as required by the plan and are charged to expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. VESTED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All unused vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

J. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. NET ASSETS

Net assets comprise the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net assets are classified in the following three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There are no restricted assets.

Unrestricted net assets – consists of all other assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Institutions:		
Petty Cash	\$	400
Demand Deposits		213,990
Cash with County		22,169
Investments		8,111,171
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Total Cash and Investments \$ 8,347,730

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

DEPOSITS - Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. The total bank balance per the bank statement is \$208,319. Of the current year bank balance, all is covered by federal depository insurance and are held at a financial institution on the list of qualified depositories found on the State of Oregon Treasurer's website. The account is a non-interest bearing demand deposit account.

INVESTMENTS - Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Fitch Ratings and Standard & Poor's Corporation or P1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record (A-2/P-2 if Oregon commercial paper) and the state treasurer's local government investment pool. The City's investments during the year were also invested in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon Revised Statues and the Oregon Investment Council govern the State's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Council and is responsible for all funds in the State Treasury. These funds must be invested, and the investments managed, as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Investments in the Fund are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board (OSTFB), which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund was in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2009.

Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. There is no material difference between the fair value of the District's position in the State Treasurer's Local Investment Pool and the value of the pool shares at June 30, 2009. There were no known violations of legal or contractual provisions for deposits and investments during the fiscal year.

At year-end, the City's investment balances were as follows (carrying value is the same as fair market value):

		Investment Maturities (in months)			
Investement Type	Fair Value	Less than 3	3-18	18-59	9
Categorized Investments:	•				
Obligations of the U.S. Agencies	\$ 4,133,973	\$ 1,999,800	\$ 2,134,173	\$	0
State Treasurer's Local					
Government Investment Pool	3,977,198	3,977,198	0		0
	•				
Total	\$ 8,111,171	\$ 5,976,998	\$ 2,134,173	\$	0

INTEREST RATE RISK – Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. The City does not have any investments with a maturity date exceeding 18 months.

CREDIT RISK – Oregon Revised Statutes does not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool is not rated.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

CONCENTRATION OF RISK – At June 30, 2009, the City had 49% of total investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in this instrument. At June 30, 2009, the City had 51% of total investments in obligations of U.S. Agencies. This included one Freddie Mac Discount Note, two Federal Home Loan Discount Notes, one Federal National Mortgage, and one Farm Credit Note. The maturity date of each note is between ten and sixteen months from the date of purchase.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in fixed assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 are as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS

	CO VERTILIE THE THE TIEBERS									
]	June 30, 2008	Adjustments		Additions		Disposals		June 30, 2009	
Land and Improvements				_						_
(non depreciable)	\$	3,372,747	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,372,747
Construction in Progress										
(non depreciable		4,557,484		0		0		4,557,484		0
Buildings		1,266,324		0		8,914,280		58,192		10,122,412
Vehicles		326,685		0		36,709		20,934		342,460
Other Equipment		114,493		0		229,627		21,038		323,082
Park Improvements		2,274,249		0		0		0		2,274,249
Park Equipment		38,960		0		0		0		38,960
Streets		49,549,729		-651,567		152,015		0		49,050,177
Less: Accumulated										
Depreciation		-5,820,076		0		-1,398,486		-22,544		-7,196,018
Total Governmental										
Activities	\$	55,680,595	\$	-651,567	\$	7,934,145	\$	4,635,104	\$	58,328,069

Governmental Activities Depreciation Allocation to Functions

Function	Go	Governmental Funds		
General Government Building Parks Streets	\$	1,183,905 125,101 22,321 44,615		
Total	\$	1,375,942		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds

In August 2008 the City issued \$5,000,000 of full faith and credit obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction of a new city hall building. Interest coupon rates range from 4% to 4.25%. The bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. They are issued as 20-year serial bonds with increasing principal amounts due each year.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal	Year
Ending	June

Litaring June			
30	Principal	Interest	Total
2010	175,000	201,956	376,956
2011	180,000	194,413	374,413
2012	190,000	186,550	376,550
2013	195,000	178,369	373,369
2014	205,000	169,869	374,869
2015	215,000	160,944	375,944
2016	220,000	151,700	371,700
2017	230,000	142,138	372,138
2018	240,000	132,450	372,450
2019	250,000	122,650	372,650
2020	260,000	112,288	372,288
2021	270,000	101,356	371,356
2022	285,000	89,909	374,909
2023	295,000	77,947	372,947
2024	310,000	65,469	375,469
2025	325,000	52,169	377,169
2026	340,000	38,038	378,038
2027	355,000	23,269	378,269
2028	370,000	7,863	377,863
	\$ 4,910,000	\$ 2,209,344	\$ 7,119,344

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. LONG-TERM DEBT, (CONTINUED)

Change in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	6/30/2008	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2009	Due within one Year
Bonds Payable					
Full Faith & Credit Obligation, Series 2007, Interest 4%-4.25% Plus deferred amounts:	\$5,000,000	\$ -	\$ 90,000	\$4,910,000	\$ 175,000
Bond Premium	42,318		2,228	40,090	2,228
Total bonds payable	5,042,318	-	92,228	4,950,090	177,228
Compensated Absences	78,803	26,173	0	104,976	104,976
Total Long-term liabilities	\$5,121,121	\$ 26,173	\$ 92,228	\$5,055,066	\$ 282,204

5. COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

At June 30, 2009, the City's liability for vacation pay is estimated at \$104,976.

6. RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description

The City participates in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple -employer public employee retirement system. All employees of the City who work more than 600 hours each year are covered by the plans after six months of employment. PERS is a defined pension plan to which employee and employer contribute. Retirement is allowed at age 58 with full benefits, but retirement is generally available after age 55 with reduced benefits. Compulsory retirement is age 70. Retirement benefits are payable in lump sum or monthly amounts using several payment options. PERS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statute. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700.

Funding Policy

Covered employees are required by State statute to contribute 6% of their salary to the plan. Beginning in July 2003, the City began paying this amount for the employee. Employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2009 were \$104,862. The City is required to contribute at actuarially determined rates, as adopted by the PERS Board. The current rate effective July 1, 2009 is 9.61% of covered payroll for Tier 1/2 employees and 8.94% for OPSRP employees.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Annual Pension Cost

The City's contribution to the plan for the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 was \$227,016, \$195,244, and \$161,837, respectively, and was equal to the required contributions for the year.

7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees of the City, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, are the property of the participants, and, accordingly are not recorded as assets of the City.

8. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations. The limitation provides that property taxes for non-school operations are limited to \$10.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt.

An additional limit reduced the amount of operating property tax revenues available to the City for its 1997-98 fiscal year, and thereafter. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempt from the reductions. The Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax, many fee increases, and new bond issues.

9. CABLE PEG FEES DEFERRED REVENUE

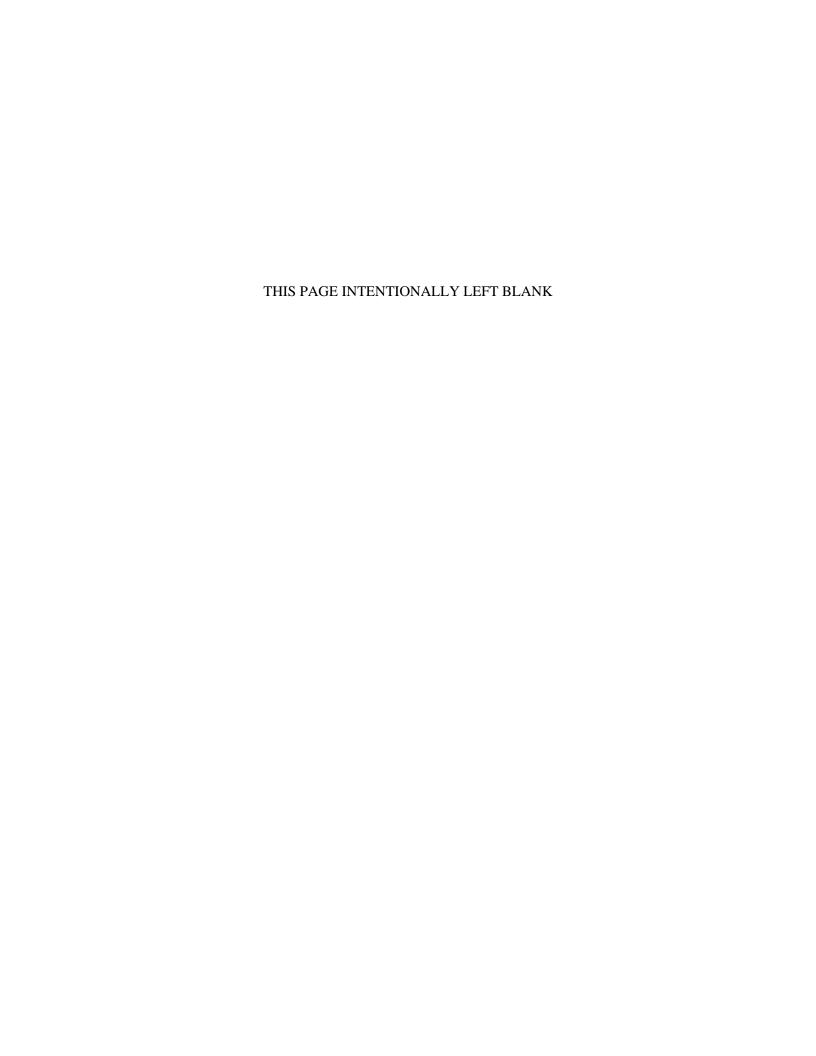
Cable PEG access is defined as Public, Educational and Governmental access collectively where the general public, schools and governmental institutions have the availability of equipment to create and the editorial control over non-commercial programming. The City has an existing cable franchise agreement that stipulates PEG access capital funds in the amount of 3% dedicated for the development of capital projects related to providing PEG access. PEG funds in the amount of \$198,209 are currently held in a deferred revenue liability account of the City.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance to minimize its exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

10. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

At June 30, 2008 capital assets were overstated by \$651,567 due to double counting certain infrastructure assets. This amount has been treated as a prior period adjustment.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other Financial Schedules

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

GENERAL FUND

	ORIGINA BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET			ACTUAL	P	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE
REVENUES								
Taxes:	Ф 903	000	Ф	002.000	Ф	0.49, 525	Ф	55 505
Property Taxes - Current	\$ 893,		\$	893,000	\$	948,525	\$	55,525
Property Taxes - Delinquent	10,	000		10,000		22,521		12,521
Total Taxes	903,	000		903,000		971,046		68,046
Licenses, Fees, and Permits:								
Franchise Fees	762,	250		762,250		736,898		-25,352
Sewer Permit Fee	10,	000		10,000		5,043		-4,957
Erosion Control Permit Fee	50,	000		50,000		17,987		-32,013
Miscellaneous Permits	25,	500		25,500		2,070		-23,430
Right of Way Permits		000		60,000		7,350		-52,650
Development Fees	300,	000		300,000		132,993		-167,007
Construction Fees	400,	000		400,000		328,460		-71,540
Cell Tower Fees	26,	000		26,000		34,765		8,765
Park Reservation Permits		000		25,000		15,726		-9,274
SDC-Administration Fees		300		27,300		6,118		-21,182
Business Licenses		000		80,000		22,199		-57,801
Animal Control Licenses		000		10,000		12,511		2,511
Alarm Permits and Penalties	7,	000		7,000		7,655		655
Total Licenses, Fees, and Permits	1,783,	050	1,	783,050		1,329,775		-453,275
Intergovernmental:								
Alcohol Tax	127,	500		127,500		132,660		5,160
Cigarette Tax		919		16,919		17,122		203
State Revenue Sharing		100		60,100		98,017		37,917
Park Revenue from NCPRD	212,			212,180		212,180		0
Code Enforcement IGAs	108,			108,000		50,252		-57,748
Grants	530,			530,000		48,631		-481,369
Total Intergovernmental	1,054,	699	1,	054,699		558,862		-495,837
Other Revenue:								
Interest	108,	000		108,000		100,877		-7,123
Traffic Fines	215,			215,000		291,561		76,561
Municipal Court		700		58,700		49,636		-9,064
State Court Assessments		000		42,000		42,409		409
Community Events		000		40,000		39,734		-266
Miscellaneous Revenue		0		0		51,298		51,298
Total Other Revenue	463,	700		463,700		575,515		111,815
Total Revenues	4,204,	449	4,	204,449		3,435,198		-769,251

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

	GI	ENERAL FUN	ID	,				
	ORIGINAL BUDGET		_	FINAL BUDGET ACTU			P	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE
EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services	ф	1 605 600	Φ	1 607 600	Ф	1 071 000	Ф	224 500
Salaries Final Anna Page Co.	\$	1,605,600	\$	1,605,600	\$	1,271,020	\$	334,580
Employee Benefits		883,000		883,000	_	635,819		247,181
Total Personal Services		2,488,600		2,488,600 (1)	1,906,839	-	581,761
Materials and Services								
Office Supplies		40,000		40,000		34,924		5,076
Public Works Supplies		52,000		52,000		23,226		28,774
Equipment under \$5,000		26,000		26,000		11,488		14,512
Travel		26,300		26,300		9,198		17,102
Training		38,000		38,000		19,182		18,818
Maps and Printing		5,000		5,000		2,110		2,890
Membership and Dues		14,000		14,000		15,839		-1,839
Utilities		110,000		110,000		89,391		20,609
Vehicle Operation and Maintenance		79,000		79,000		27,841		51,159
Publication and Subscription		25,500		25,500		25,144		356
Newsletter		60,000		60,000		60,796		-796
Postage		15,000		15,000		8,088		6,912
Insurance		55,000		55,000		50,564		4,436
Repairs and Maintenance		97,000		97,000		46,793		50,207
Emergency Supplies		25,000		25,000		16,703		8,297
Community Concept Planning		60,000		60,000		45,845		14,155
Miscellaneous Admin.		10,000		10,000		19,964		-9,964
Legal		95,000		95,000		114,660		-19,660
Audit		8,000		8,000		11,300		-3,300
HR/Recorder Projects		8,000		8,000		350		7,650
Contract Services		321,500		321,500		187,305		134,195
Software		5,000		5,000		0		5,000
Interpreting Services		2,000		2,000		797		1,203
Public Outreach		8,000		8,000		120		7,880
Community Events		50,000		50,000		41,910		8,090
Total Materials and Services		1,235,300		1,235,300 (1)	863,538		371,762

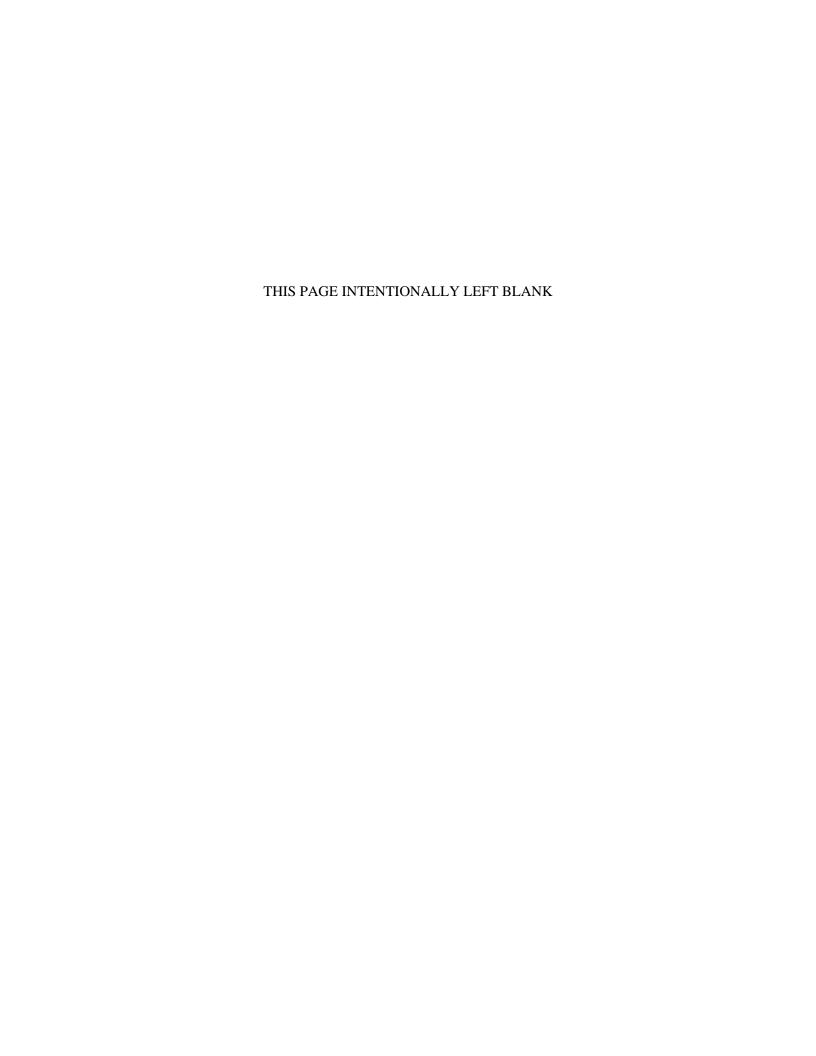
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

GENERAL FUND

EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
Capital Outlay				
Facility Improvements	15,000	15,000	19,416	-4,416
Land/Land Improvements	480,000	480,000	0	480,000
Total Capital Outlay	495,000	495,000 (1)	19,416	475,584
Contingency	396,864	396,864 (1)	0	396,864
Total Expenditures	4,615,764	4,615,764	2,789,793	1,825,971
Excess of Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures	-411,315	-411,315	645,405	1,056,720
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers Out To:				
Reserve for Replacement Fund	-376,685	-376,685	-376,685	0
Debt Service Fund	-312,000	-312,000 (1)	-297,588	14,412
Net Change in Fund Balance	-1,100,000	-1,100,000	-28,868	1,071,132
Beginning Fund Balance	1,100,000	1,100,000	815,253	-284,747
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ 0	786,385	\$ 786,385

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

	STREET FUND							DIANCE
		RIGINAL UDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	P	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE
REVENUES					_			
Interest	\$	35,000	\$	35,000		\$ 8,276	\$	-26,724
Gas Tax Revenue		454,125		454,125		422,485		-31,640
Street Utility Fee		100,000		100,000	-	0		-100,000
Total Revenues		589,125		589,125	_	430,761		-158,364
EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services								
Salaries		161,500		161,500		118,877		42,623
Employee Benefits		88,800		88,800	_	61,180		27,620
Total Personal Services		250,300		250,300	(1)_	180,057		70,243
Materials and Services								
Equipment under \$5,000		3,500		3,500		3,386		114
Training		5,000		5,000		967		4,033
Vehicle Expenses		15,000		15,000		23,626		-8,626
Contract Services		95,000		95,000		10,146		84,854
Traffic Control Devices		10,000		10,000		1,413		8,587
Street Repair Materials		15,000		15,000		8,604		6,396
Traffic Signs and Striping		35,000		35,000	_	41,546		-6,546
Total Materials and Services		178,500		178,500	(1)_	89,688		88,812
Capital Outlay								
Street Reconstruction		393,925		393,925		115,329		278,596
Total Capital Outlay		393,925		393,925	(1)	115,329		278,596
					_			
Contingency		128,400		128,400	(1)_	0		128,400
Total Expenditures		951,125		951,125	_	385,074		566,051
Excess of Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures		-362,000		-362,000	-	45,687		407,687
OTHER FINANCING -USES Transfers Out To:								
Reserve for Replacment Fund		-408,000		-408,000	_	-408,000		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		-770,000		-770,000		-362,313		407,687
Beginning Fund Balance		770,000		770,000	_	748,525		-21,475
Ending Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	=	\$ 386,212	\$	386,212

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

	BUILDING FUND						***	DIANGE
		RIGINAL UDGET]	FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL	P	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	13,617	\$	-1,383
Permits and Fees		863,275		863,275		516,393		-346,882
Construction Excise Tax		31,409		31,409		8,723		-22,686
Miscellaneous		0		0		23,804		23,804
Total Revenues		909,684		909,684		562,537		-347,147
EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services								
Salaries		547,300		547,300		425,365		121,935
Employee Benefits		282,200		282,200		221,071		61,129
Total Personal Services		829,500		829,500 (1)		646,436		183,064
Materials and Services								
Office Supplies		8,500		8,500		5,179		3,321
Equipment under \$5,000		20,000		20,000		720		19,280
Travel		5,500		5,500		1,742		3,758
Training		15,000		15,000		9,056		5,944
Membership and Dues		1,000		1,000		453		547
Utilities		22,500		22,500		16,790		5,710
Vehicle Expenses		13,000		13,000		3,873		9,127
Publications and Subscriptions		5,500		5,500		1,302		4,198
Postage		500		500		0		500
Insurance		9,000		9,000		0		9,000
Repairs and Maintenance		15,750		15,750		4,989		10,761
Public Outreach		5,000		5,000		1,500		3,500
Legal		7,500		7,500		0		7,500
Contract Services		36,800		36,800		4,373		32,427
Municipal Lease		5,600		5,600		9,705		-4,105
Software and Software Contract		15,000		15,000		1,177		13,823
Total Materials and Services		186,150		186,150 (1)		60,859		125,291
Contingency		278,867		278,867 (1)		0		278,867
Total Expenditures		1,294,517		1,294,517		707,295		587,222
Excess of Revenues Over, -Under Expenditures		-384,833		-384,833		-144,758		240,075

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level Continued on page -30-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

	BUILDING FUND						
EXPENDITURES (CONTINUED)		IGINAL JDGET		FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, -USES Transfers Out To: Reserve for Replacment Fund Debt Service		-102,167 -78,000		-102,167 -78,000 (1)	-60,16°		42,000 78,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		-565,000		-565,000	-204,925	- -	360,075
Beginning Fund Balance		565,000		565,000	764,296	<u> </u>	199,296
Ending Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 559,37	<u> </u>	\$ 559,371

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
REVENUES				
Interest	\$ 50,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 27,252	\$ -22,748
SDC-Storm Drainage	100,000	100,000	67,766	-32,234
SDC-Parks	0	0	55,280	55,280
Total Revenues	150,000	150,000	150,298	298
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay				
SDC Projects-Transportation	170,000	170,000	0	170,000
SDC Projects-Storm Drainage	686,000	686,000	58,962	627,038
SDC Projects-Parks	584,000	584,000	55,530	528,470
Total Capital Outlay	1,440,000	1,440,000 (1)114,492	1,325,508
Total Expenditures	1,440,000	1,440,000	114,492	1,325,508
Net Change in Fund Balance	-1,290,000	-1,290,000	35,806	1,325,806
Beginning Fund Balance	1,290,000	1,290,000	1,274,337	-15,663
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,310,143	\$ 1,310,143

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND

	ORIG BUD		INAL JDGET		ACTUAL	P	ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE
REVENUES							
Interest	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	8,903	\$	-11,097
Privilege Tax		79,470	 79,470	_	88,763		9,293
Total Revenues		99,470	 99,470	_	97,666		-1,804
EXPENDITURES							
Personal Services							
Salaries		19,800	19,800		13,464		6,336
Employee Benefits		9,400	9,400	_	5,722		3,678
Total Personal Services		29,200	 29,200 ((1)_	19,186		10,014
Materials and Services							
Contract Engineering		10,000	 10,000		0		10,000
Total Materials and Services		10,000	 10,000 ((1)_	0		10,000
Capital Outlay							
Bicycle & Ped Pathways	5	535,270	 535,270	_	0		535,270
Total Capital Outlay	5	535,270	535,270 ((1) _	0		535,270
Total Expenditures	5	574,470	574,470	_	19,186		555,284
Net Change in Fund Balance	-4	175,000	-475,000		78,480		553,480
Beginning Fund Balance	4	175,000	475,000	_	488,993		13,993
Ending Fund Balance	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	567,473	\$	567,473

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

	PUBLIC	C SAFETY F	FUN	D				
		IGINAL UDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		ARIANCE OSITIVE EGATIVE
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	36,319	\$	-23,681
Taxes:								
Property Taxes - Current		1,839,000		1,839,000		1,944,209		105,209
Property Taxes - Delinquent		12,000		12,000		46,162		34,162
Total Revenues		1,911,000		1,911,000		2,026,690		115,690
EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services								
Salaries		50,800		50,800		50,108		692
Employee Benefits		24,700		24,700		22,317		2,383
Total Personal Services		75,500		75,500 (1	l)	72,425		3,075
Materials and Services								
Office Supplies		0		0		3,839		-3,839
Equipment under \$5,000		50,000		50,000		9,509		-3,839 40,491
Travel		30,000		30,000		3,945		-3,945
Training		0		0		2,785		-3,943 -2,785
Utilities		2,500		2,500		2,783 7,774		-2,783 -5,274
Vehicle Operation and Maintenance		5,000		5,000		1,441		3,559
Repairs and Maintenance		1,100		1,100		7,764		-6,664
Emergency Events		131,000		131,000		900		130,100
Public Outreach		131,000		131,000		4,257		-4,257
Contract Services		10,000		10,000		23,493		-13,493
Contract Services Contract Police Protection		2,231,900		2,131,900		1,706,597		425,303
Total Materials and Services		2,431,500		2,331,500 (1	 ()	1,772,304		559,196
		2, .61,600		2,001,000		1,772,001		200,100
Capital Outlay								
Equipment - over \$5,000		0		0		5,290		-5,290
Leasehold Improvements		100,000		200,000		174,311		25,689
Total Capital Outlay		100,000		200,000 (1	.)	179,601		20,399
Contingency		850,000		850,000 (1	l)	0		850,000
Total Expenditures		3,457,000		3,457,000		2,024,330		1,432,670
Net Change in Fund Balance		-1,546,000		-1,546,000		2,360		1,548,360
Beginning Fund Balance		1,546,000		1,546,000		1,679,931		133,931
Ending Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,682,291	\$	1,682,291

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

RESERVE FOR REPLACEMENT

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and Services				
Equipment under \$5,000	139,282	139,282	15,079	124,203
Total Materials and Services	139,282	139,282 (1)	15,079	124,203
Capital Outlay				
Equipment over \$5,000	466,000	466,000	283,191	182,809
Total Capital Outlay	466,000	466,000 (1)	283,191	182,809
Contingency	286,987	286,987 (1)	0	286,987
Total Expenditures	892,269	892,269	298,270	593,999
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In				
From General Fund	376,685	376,685	376,685	0
From Street Fund	408,000	408,000	408,000	0
From Building Fund	107,584	107,584	60,167	-47,417
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	546,582	546,582
Beginning Fund Balance	0	0	0	0
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 546,582	\$ 546,582

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

DEBT SERVICE

	DLD1 SLKVIC.	<u>L</u>		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service				
Principal Payments	90,000	90,000	90,000	0
Interest Payments	300,000	300,000	207,588	92,412
Total Debt Services	390,000	390,000 (1)	297,588	92,412
Total Debt Services	390,000	390,000 (1)	291,300	92,412
Total Expenditures	390,000	390,000	297,588	92,412
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers In				
From General Fund	312,000	312,000	297,588	-14,412
From Building Fund	78,000	78,000	0	-78,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0	0
Beginning Fund Balance	0	0	0	0
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other Financial Schedules

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

NEW CITY HALL FUND

	ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE POSITIVE -NEGATIVE	
REVENUES	ф	75,000	¢.	75 000	¢.	<i>5</i> (110	Φ	10.002
Interest	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	56,118	\$	-18,882
Total Revenues		75,000		75,000		56,118		-18,882
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and Services								
Equipment under \$5,000		500,000		500,000		333,172		166,828
Total Materials and Services		500,000		500,000 (1)		333,172		166,828
Capital Outlay								
City Hall		5,575,000		5,575,000		4,167,405		1,407,595
Total Capital Outlay		5,575,000		5,575,000 (1)		4,167,405		1,407,595
Total Expenditures		6,075,000		6,075,000		4,500,577		1,574,423
Net Change in Fund Balance		-6,000,000		-6,000,000		-4,444,459		1,555,541
Beginning Fund Balance		6,000,000		6,000,000		5,793,390		-206,610
Ending Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,348,931	\$	1,348,931

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

TAX	I	IMPOSED LEVY OR UNCOL- LECTED		EDUCT	ADJUST- MENTS TO		ADD		CASH COLLEC- TIONS BY COUNTY TREAS-		BALANCE UNCOL- LECTED OR UNSEG- REGATED	
YEAR		AT 7/1/08		DISCOUNTS		ROLLS		INTEREST		URER		T 6/30/09
CURRENT: 2008-2009	\$	3,092,721	\$	-73,308	\$	-7,358	\$	736	\$	2,880,037	\$	132,754
PRIOR YEARS: 2007-2008 2006-2007 2005-2006 2004-2005		92,910 20,671 7,001 2,071		40 9 4 0		-2,095 -331 -231 -66		2,607 1,075 753 281		58,055 10,223 4,622 1,492		35,407 11,201 2,905 794
2003-2004 & Pri	or	1,153		0		-63		56		236		910
Total Prior		123,806		53		-2,786		4,772		74,628		51,217
Total	\$	3,216,527	\$	-73,255	\$	-10,144	\$	5,508	\$	2,954,665	\$	183,971
RECONCILIAT Cash Collections Accrual of Recei June 30, 2008	by Co	ounty Treasure		ve							\$	2,954,665

June 30, 2009

Total Revenue

16,639

2,961,449

AUDITOR'S COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS

CITY OF HAPPY VALLEY, OREGON AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS June 30, 2009

Introduction

Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-330 incorporate the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations. These standards, prescribed by the Secretary of State in cooperation with the Oregon State Board of Accountancy, enumerate the financial statements, schedules, comments and disclosures required in audit reports. The required statements and schedules are set forth in the preceding section of this report. Required comments and disclosures related to our audit of such statements and schedules are contained in this section.

Internal Accounting Control

We have audited the financial statements of City of Happy Valley, Oregon (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2009 and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2009.

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors or irregularities may never the less occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operations of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting

CITY OF HAPPY VALLEY, OREGON AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS June 30, 2009

principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control. We consider the deficiency described in a separately issued letter to management dated December 15, 2009 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the Honorable Mayor, the City Council, and the State of Oregon, Secretary of State, Division of Audits, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

In connection with our audit:

Accounting Records

We found the accounting records of the City to be adequate for audit purposes considering the size and complexity of the municipal corporation.

Collateral

The City was in compliance with ORS Chapter 295 regarding collateral securing deposits for fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Indebtedness

During our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in compliance with limitation and the provision of bond indentures and other agreements.

Budgets

We reviewed budgets adopted by the City for the current and ensuing fiscal year. Budget preparation and adoption procedures followed by the City appear to be in compliance with Oregon Local Budget Law (ORS Chapter 294.305 to 294.520).

Insurance and Fidelity Bonds

We reviewed policies relating to insurance and fidelity bond coverage and ascertained that such policies appeared to be in force. We are not competent by training to state whether the insurance policies covering the City-owned property in force at June 30, 2009 are adequate.

CITY OF HAPPY VALLEY, OREGON AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS June 30, 2009

Programs Funded from Outside Sources

We reviewed and tested, to the extent we considered necessary in the circumstances, transactions and reports relative to federal and state grant programs. The City appeared to have appropriate procedures for making expenditures on behalf of, and reporting for, such programs.

Highway Funds

The City was in compliance with legal requirements pertaining to the use of Highway Funds.

Investments

The City's investments for the year ended June 30, 2009 were tested and appear to be in compliance with Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 294 with regard to legal restrictions pertaining to the investment of public funds.

Public Contracts and Purchasing

We reviewed and tested the City's procedures for awarding public contracts. The City appears to be in compliance with the cost accounting guidelines developed by the State of Oregon Executive Department with regard to the City's construction projects and ORS Chapter 279 in the awarding of public contracts and the construction of public improvements.

Independently Elected Officials

Merina & Lompany

The Independently Elected Officials of the City do not receive and disburse funds. Accordingly a Schedule of Accountability for Independently Elected Officials is not included.

Merina & Company, LLP

West Linn, Oregon December 15, 2009

