





Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2014



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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CITY OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2014

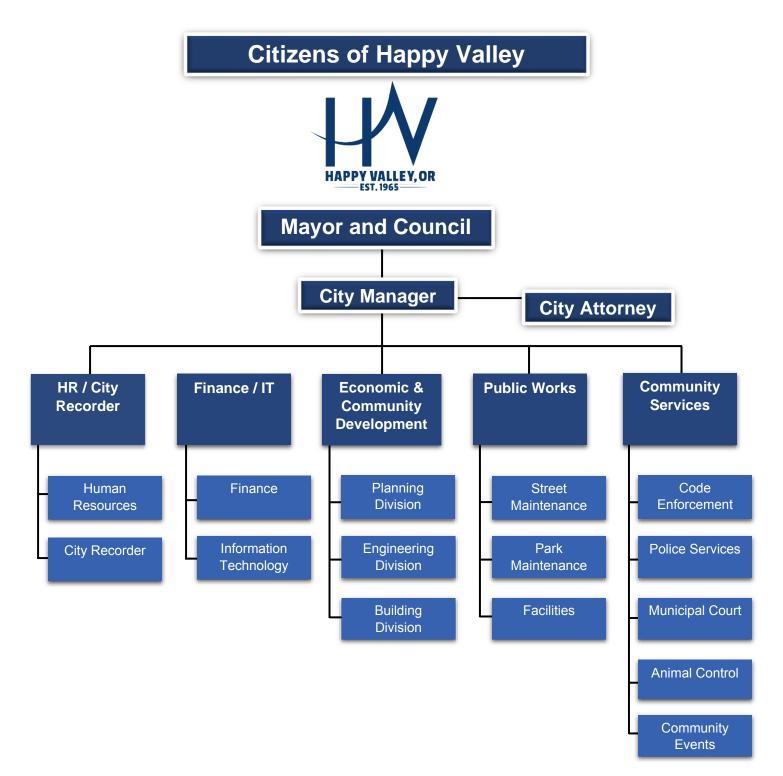
NAME	TERM EXPIRES
Lori DeRemer – Mayor	December 31, 2014
Markley Drake – Council President	December 31, 2014
Michael Morrow	December 31, 2015
Tom Ellis	December 31, 2015

All council members receive mail at the address below.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Jason Tuck, City Manager 16000 SE Misty Drive Happy Valley, Oregon 97086 (503) 783-3800 www.happyvalleyor.gov

City of Happy Valley Organization Chart



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Happy Valley, Oregon Happy Valley, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Happy Valley, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City, as of June 30, 2014, and, the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2014, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Merive + Company

Merina & Company, LLP West Linn, Oregon December 10, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CITY OF HAPPY VALLEY, OREGON MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

The management of the City of Happy Valley presents this analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements and notes, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At June 30, 2014 the City's total net position was \$62,318,899 which was an increase of \$899,969 over the previous year. The increase of \$1,409,021 in the previous year was higher due to a prior period adjustment associated with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. This year's increase can be attributed to a thirty percent jump in licenses and permits revenue. These fees are associated with development within in the City.

The General Fund ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$9,058,400. Of that balance, \$595,947 was nonspendable and restricted for prepaid expenses as well as franchise fees. The remaining \$8,462,453 was unrestricted with \$3,413,463 committed and \$5,048,990 unassigned. Committed funds are comprised of general operations reserve to be used to offset the cyclical nature of revenue and maintain agreed upon service levels, construction related fees, and replacement reserves to be used to purchase items based on an agreed upon replacement schedule. Unassigned fund balance is available for the general operations of the City.

The full faith and credit obligations end of the year balance was \$3,965,000. This decrease of \$205,000 is per the principle payment schedule as presented in the Official Statement for the obligations.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This financial report consists of; management's discussion and analysis (this section), basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements which present different views of the City as well as the notes. The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* and provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the City's overall financial status. The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* and focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The *governmental fund* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending. The notes contain information to help explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* and *other supplementary information* to further explain and support the information in the basic financial statements. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all City assets and liabilities. All current year revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's assets and liabilities and are a way to measure the City's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the City, one must consider additional non-financial factors such as the City's tax base, local and statewide economic and legislative climate, as well as other factors.

The government-wide financial statements include *Governmental activities* which encompass most of the City's basic services. These include general government, public safety, planning, building, streets, and parks. Property taxes, franchise taxes, permits and fees, and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds but do not provide information about the City as a whole. Funds are accounting tools the City uses to track specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has governmental funds which are explained as follows:

• *Governmental funds* are used to account for the City's basic services. Governmental funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and the balances of spendable resources available at fiscal year-end. As a result, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available to finance the City's services in the near future. Reconciliations are provided to explain the relationship (or differences) between these statements and the long-term focus of the government-wide statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information and other supplementary information concerning the City's compliance with its annual appropriated budget amounts. A budgetary comparison statement for each fund is provided in the supplementary and other supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Financial Analysis of the City

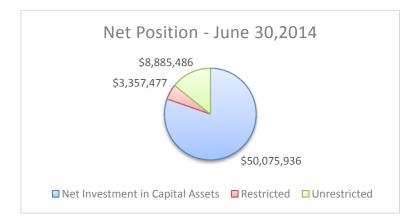
For the year ended June 30, 2014 the City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$62,318,899. Cash and Investments represent 20% of total assets. Long lived capital assets including land, buildings, streets, equipment, and vehicles comprise 79% of total assets. The remaining assets include prepaid items, accounts and property tax receivables.

Repayment of full faith and credit obligations issued for construction of the city hall facility equals 67% of the City's liabilities. Remaining liabilities are payments to vendors, governments, and accrued personnel costs.

City of Happy Valley - Net Position

Assets:	Total 2014	Total 2013	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 14,201,364	\$	11,943,970
Capital Assets	54,069,887		55,088,902
Total Assets	 68,271,251		67,032,872
Liabilities:			
Current and Other Liabilities	2,175,628		1,619,991
Non-Current Liabilities	3,776,724		3,993,951
Total Liabilities	 5,952,352		5,613,942
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	50,075,936		50,887,724
Restricted	3,357,477		3,169,038
Unrestricted	 8,885,486		7,362,168
Total Net Position	\$ 62,318,899	\$	61,418,930

The largest part of net position is investment in capital assets less any outstanding debt used to acquire the assets. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens but those capital assets are not available for future spending. The resources needed to repay related debt must come from a source other than the capital assets themselves. The City did not issue general obligation debt, which allows for the imposition of a tax for debt repayment, so we must have a revenue source adequate to fund our debt as well as the general operations. Total net position of the City is positive and has increased from the prior fiscal year.



		Total 2014	Total 2013			
Revenues:						
Program Revenues - Charges for Service	\$	3,704,993	\$	3,008,804		
General Revenues						
Property Taxes		3,724,620		3,437,933		
Other Taxes		875,088		803,621		
Intergovernmental		851,229		790,718		
Other Revenue		1,411,651		855,677		
Total Revenues		10,567,581	8,896,753			
Expenses:						
General Government		8,447,692		7,446,207		
Parks		281,561		255,454		
Storm Drainage		99,158		146,494		
Streets		671,559		950,813		
Interest on long term debt		167,642		176,141		
Total Expenses		9,667,612		8,975,109		
Change in net position		899,969		(78,356)		
Beginning net position		61,418,930		60,009,909		
Prior Period Adjustment		-		1,487,377		
Ending net position	\$	62,318,899	\$	61,418,930		

The City's total revenues were \$10,567,581 and net position increased by \$899,969. This is a large increase compared to prior year's decrease of \$78,356. This is a result of program revenues and property taxes increasing at a faster rate than expenses. It is also due to an increase in Other Revenues consisting of a refund on a street project that was completed in a prior year.

The City's development and building is cyclical in nature as are the revenues associated with these activities. To offset this, a reserve fund was created with the 2012-13 budget and additional funding appropriated in the 2013-14 budget as well as the 2014-15. The General Operations Reserve fund now has a ending fund balance of \$1,200,000. With the completion of the 2014-15 fiscal year the fund balance will be \$2,000,000 which was determined by policy.

Our street inventory increases as land within the City is developed. City streets account for 75% of all capital assets owned by the City and 82% of the accumulated depreciation expense. Excluding new development, many streets within the City do not meet acceptable standards. Although many streets in the City were built within the last 5 to 10 years, some are already showing signs of wear. Given the City's low permanent tax rate the General Fund cannot subsidize street maintenance. There is currently no adequate revenue source to improve streets to acceptable standards or prepare for the eventual replacement of streets.

Police services are funded through a local option levy and currently contracted through Clackamas County. The committee convened to determine desired level of police services concluded an increase in the levy amount would be required. That increased levy amount was placed on the ballot in November 2014 and turned down by voters. The committee will re-assess the desired level of services and rate for the May2015 ballot.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

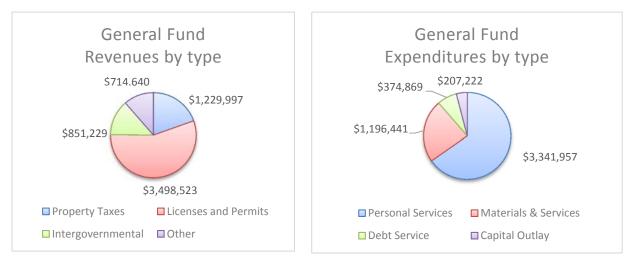
Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$10,199,535 in 2014. Governmental fund balances totaled \$12,133,844 at June 30, 2014. A summary of changes in governmental fund balances follows:

	June 30, 2014		June 30, 2013		 Change
General Fund	\$	9,058,400	\$	7,477,979	\$ 1,580,421
Street Fund		921,838		694,963	226,875
System Development Fund		693,579		778,312	(84,733)
Pedestrian Impr Proj Fund		684,633		628,618	56,015
Public Safety Fund		775,394		871,113	(95,719)

City of Happy Valley - Changes in Governmental Fund Balances

The General Fund increase was due to an increase in development, construction, and building. The Street Fund increase was due to smaller scale street maintenance projects completed in the current year compared to the prior year. The revenue collected in the Street Fund is adequate to complete one major resurfacing project per year along with street maintenance per the pavement quality index. The Public Safety Fund decrease is due to the difference between tax revenue collected and service provided. This difference was evaluated as part of the committee convened to review desired level of service and the required tax level to provide that level of service.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights



The General Fund – Budgetary Basis ending fund balance increased \$654,102 from the previous year. The increase is due to increased fees related to the increase in development and building as well as higher Traffic fines, and increased intergovernmental revenues. Intergovernmental revenues in the General Fund increased due to an increase in population which increases the City's apportionment of state shared revenues and a contribution toward a park project.

The following General Fund revenues were in excess of budget estimates by the following amounts:

Revenue Source	Budget Actual			Difference			
Building Permits and Fees	\$ 1,182,300	\$	1,850,301	\$	668,001		
Planning Fees	103,000		257,370		154,370		
Engineering Fees	65,000		215,683		150,683		
Intergovernmental Revenue	702,300		851,229		148,929		
Miscellaneous Revenue	62,000		205,004		143,004		

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2014, the City had \$54,069,887 invested in capital assets net of depreciation expense. This is a decrease of 1,019,015 from the previous year. The largest capital asset additions were the street additions totaling \$376,370 and the 122^{nd} Monument Sign which totaled \$58,138, and six vehicles from the replacement schedule totaling \$175,641. The decrease is the effect of almost \$1.73M of depreciation expense versus \$720K of capital asset additions. Details of the changes in the City's capital assets are presented in the notes to the financial statements.



Long Term Debt

At June 30, 2014, the City had outstanding debt of \$3,965,000. The City issued \$5,000,000 of Full Faith and Credit Obligations Series August 2007 to finance a portion of the new city hall facility. The remaining amount for the project was financed using the fund balance accumulated by transfers from the General Fund and the Building Department Fund. With the 2013-14 and 2014-15 budgets, amounts are being reserved to allow for the early repayment of bonds. Detailed information about the City's long term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The City is currently negotiating with Clackamas County to take over library operations. This transition of service was discussed during the initial formation of the library district in 2009 and is currently on schedule to occur July 1, 2015. This change will significantly increase the total number of employees and create a new service provided by the City.

The City continues to evaluate street maintenance levels. An additional revenue source is required if we are to maintain streets at an acceptable level. Streets are the City's most expensive asset and as such require us to ensure they are maintained at a level that provides the best service to our citizens.

The approval of our urban growth management agreement with Clackamas County ensures our area of annexation around the current borders and gives us the ability to diversify our tax base to include more commercial and industrial properties. This diversification will offset the high percentage of residential properties within the City.

We believe the housing market improvement will continue and result in further commercial and residential construction within the City. This increase in construction will reduce the number of currently developed lots. That reduction in developed lots will require undeveloped areas in the City to be planned and

developed which will generate planning and engineering fees and ultimately, building permit fees. We believe this development cycle will continue for the next 20 to 25 years.

The volatility of the development cycle can make it difficult to effectively project so our budget reflects a cautious but optimistic outlook. We projected both increased revenues and increased expenditures based on a higher population, higher service levels, and increased development. We use our annual budget process in conjunction with our five year projection process to assess the long term direction of the City. These processes along with an ongoing review of revenues and expenditures will ensure our long term organizational sustainability. Our review process is ongoing to allow us to make changes based on the economic outlook along with what we see happening in real time.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

The City's financial report is designed to provide the user with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about this report or need clarification of the information please contact the City of Happy Valley Director of Finance and IT at: 16000 SE Misty Drive, Happy Valley, OR 97086, phone number 503-783-3800.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

ASSETS

Cash and Investments	\$	13,585,186
Prepaid items		20,963
Accounts Receivable		373,682
Property Taxes Receivable		221,533
Capital Assets:		
Land, non-depreciable, and construction in progress		3,435,117
Building, improvements, equipment, and other capital assets		- , , .
(net of accumulated depreciation)		50,634,770
		00,00 1,770
Total Assets		68,271,251
		00,271,231
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		664,431
Accrued Payroll Liabilities		101,626
Developer Deposits		199,043
Intergovernmental Payable		900,853
Compensated Absences		92,448
Noncurrent liabilities:		,
Bond Related - Due within one year		217,227
Bond Related - noncurrent		3,776,724
Total Liabilities		5,952,352
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		50,075,936
Restricted		3,357,477
Unrestricted		8,885,486
Total Net Position	\$	62,318,899
	+	,-:-,-;-;-;

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2014

Functions/Programs	Expenses for		ram Revenues Charges or Services	R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets	
Governmental Activities						
General Government	\$	8,447,692	\$	3,498,523	\$	(4,949,169)
Parks		281,561		-		(281,561)
Storm Drainage		99,158		93,194		(5,964)
Streets		671,559		113,276		(558,283)
Interest on long term debt		167,642				(167,642)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,667,612	\$	3,704,993		(5,962,619)

General Revenues

Property Taxes Other Taxes Intergovernmental Other Revenue	3,724,620 875,088 851,229 1,411,651
Total General Revenues	6,862,588
Change in Net Position	899,969
Beginning Net Position	61,418,930
Ending Net Position	\$ 62,318,899

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Gene A	eneral Fund rally Accepted accounting Principles	Gene	Street Fund erally Accepted Accounting Principles		System Development Fund	Im	Pedestrian provement oject Fund	Gene	lic Safety Fund erally Accepted Accounting Principles		Total
	¢	0.552.097	¢	860 225	¢	1 70 (0.15	¢	684,633	¢	7(1.22)	¢	12 595 196
Cash and Investments Prepaid items	\$	9,552,087 20,963	\$	860,225	\$	1,726,915	\$	- 084,033	\$	761,326	\$	13,585,186 20,963
Accounts Receivable		281,029		78,437		-		-		14,216		373,682
Property Taxes Receivable		72,673				-		-		148,860		221,533
Total Assets	\$	9,926,752	\$	938,662	\$	1,726,915	\$	684,633	\$	924,402	\$	14,201,364
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$	499,257	\$	11,202	\$	140,476	\$	-	\$	13,496	\$	664,431
Accrued Payroll Liabilities		96,004		5,622		-		-		-		101,626
Developer Deposits		199,043		-		-		-		-		199,043
Intergovernmental Payable		7,993		-		892,860		-		-		900,853
Total Liabilities		802,297		16,824		1,033,336		-		13,496		1,865,953
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		66,055		-		-		-		135,512		201,567
FUND BALANCES												
Fund Balance By Category												
Nonspendable		20,963		-		-		-		-		20,963
Restricted		574,984		607,924		693,579		684,633		775,394		3,336,514
Committed		3,413,463		313,914		-		-		-		3,727,377
Unassigned		5,048,990		-		-		-		-		5,048,990
Total Fund Balances		9,058,400		921,838		693,579		684,633		775,394		12,133,844
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,												
and Fund Balances	\$	9,926,752	\$	938,662	\$	1,726,915	\$	684,633	\$	924,402	\$	14,201,364

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the year ended June 30, 2014

Explanation of certain differences between the balance sheet - governmental funds and the statement of net position.	
Total Fund Balances - governmental funds	\$ 12,133,844
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	54,069,887
Accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(92,448)
Long-term liabilities including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. The premium paid when the bonds were issued was expensed in the governmental funds however it is amortized over the life of the bonds.	(3,993,951)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 201,567
Total Net Position	\$ 62,318,899

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles		Street Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles		System Development Fund		Pedestrian Improvement Project Fund		Public Safety Generally Accepted Accounting Principles		 Total
REVENUES											
Property Taxes	\$	1,229,997	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,502,947	\$ 3,732,944
Gas Tax Revenue		-		875,088		-		-		-	875,088
Licenses and Permits		3,498,523		-		-		113,276		-	3,611,799
System Development Charges		-		-		93,194		-		-	93,194
Intergovernmental Revenues		851,229		-		-		-		-	851,229
Other Revenue		714,640		50,616		58,024		63,029		148,972	 1,035,281
Total Revenues		6,294,389		925,704		151,218		176,305		2,651,919	 10,199,535
EXPENDITURES											
Personal Services		3,341,957		280,497		-		-		-	3,622,454
Materials & Services		1,196,441		188,271		-		-		2,479,857	3,864,569
Debt Service		374,869		-		-		-		-	374,869
Capital Outlay		207,222		129,516		235,951		55,895		26,200	 654,784
Total Expenditures		5,120,489		598,284		235,951		55,895		2,506,057	 8,516,676
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		1,173,900		327,420		(84,733)		120,410		145,862	1,682,859
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES)											
Transfers In		1,913,384		-		-		-		11,695	1,925,079
Transfers Out		(1,506,863)		(100,545)		-		(64,395)		(253,276)	 (1,925,079)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)		406,521		(100,545)		-		(64,395)		(241,581)	 -
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,580,421		226,875		(84,733)		56,015		(95,719)	1,682,859
Beginning Fund Balance		7,477,979		694,963		778,312		628,618		871,113	 10,450,985
Ending Fund Balance	\$	9,058,400	\$	921,838	\$	693,579	\$	684,633	\$	775,394	\$ 12,133,844

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2014

Explanation of certain differences between the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - governmental funds and the statement of activities.

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,682,859
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.710,079Fixed Asset Additions\$ 710,079 (1,729,094)Net Adjustment	-	(1,019,015)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences		37,222
Repayment of long term debt principal is an expenditure in governmental funds. It is not an expense but a reduction of long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position. The premium paid when the debt was issued is amortized over the life of the debt on the Statement of Activities. Long term debt205,000 2,227Amortization of LTD Premium Net Adjustment2,227	-	207,227
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenue - Property Taxes Change in Net Position	<u></u> \$	(8,324) 899,969

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Happy Valley, Clackamas County, Oregon have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting policies. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Happy Valley was organized in November of 1965, as a Council-Mayor form of government. From January 1991 to December 2000 the City operated under Ordinance 105 that created the position of City Administrator and the City operated under the Council-Administrator form of government. On November 7, 2000 the voters approved a new charter now referred to as the 2000 Happy Valley Charter. The new charter created the position of City Manager. The new form of government formed by the new charter is the Council-Manager. The City Manager is the administrative head of the city government. Beginning with the November 2002 general election, the mayor was elected for a 4-year term and will be at each subsequent general election thereafter. At each general election two council members will be elected each for a 4-year term. The City Manager reports to and is responsible to the Mayor and City Council.

These financial statements include all funds, organizations, departments and offices that are not legally separate from the City of Happy Valley. The elected governing body, the City Council, is not financially accountable for any legally separate organization. In addition, there are no organizations, due to either their nature or significance to the City that would make these basic financial statements incomplete or misleading by their exclusion. The City of Happy Valley has no component units.

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

The Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions."

Program Revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the City's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the City's general revenues.

The City reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to report only the net effect on assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources.

NET POSITION

GASB Statement No. 63 *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* reports equity as Net Position rather than Net Assets. The net position balance of \$62,318,899 at June 30, 2014 includes \$50,075,936 invested in capital assets, \$3,357,477 of restricted net position, and \$8,885,486 of unrestricted net position - available for other purposes.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of fund accounting. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum numbers of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. DESCRIPTION OF FUNDS

The City reports the following major funds:

GENERAL FUND - GAAP

This fund accounts for all financial resources and expenditures of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal revenue sources are property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, various fees for provided services, and interest income. This fund includes

STREET FUND - GAAP

This fund accounts for the shared state highway revenues and the expenditures authorized by the Oregon Constitution to be made from those revenues.

SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT CHARGE RESERVE FUND

This fund accounts for the City's development of infrastructure and improvements. Expenditures include credits to developers and capital outlay. Revenues are derived primarily from fees collected from developers.

PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for pedestrian improvement projects such as bike lanes, pedestrian crossings, pedestrian refuge, sidewalks, and pathways. Revenues in this fund are from other entities, 1.5% privilege tax collected by Portland General Electric which began in 2004, and transfers from the General Fund.

PUBLIC SAFETY FUND - GAAP

This fund accounts for the operations and maintenance of public safety in the City. Revenues in this fund are derived primarily from the four-year law enforcement levy passed by the voters of Happy Valley in 2010.

The following funds are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section and are rolled into the above major funds in the Basic Financial Statements in accordance with GASB Statement number 54.

RESERVE FOR PENSION FUND

This fund sets aside funds to be expended in the future to offset the volatility of the City's pension liability. Revenues are derived from transfers from the General Fund.

RESERVE FOR GENERAL OPERATIONS FUND

This fund holds amounts to be expended in the future to offset the cyclical nature of resources used to provide the general operations of the City. Revenues are derived from transfers from the General Fund.

RESERVE FOR REPLACEMENT FUND

This fund accounts for the future purchase of large dollar items, both maintenance and capital, according to the replacement schedule which is reviewed annually. Revenues are derived from transfers from the General Fund, Street Fund, and Public Safety Fund.

RESERVE FOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund accounts for the debt service payments for City of Happy Valley, Oregon Full Faith and Credit Obligations Series 2007 issued August 15, 2007. Revenues are derived from transfers from the General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements uncollected property taxes are recorded on the Statement of Net Position. In the Fund Financial Statements property taxes that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available and, therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as Deferred Inflows - Unavailable Revenue because it is not deemed available to finance operation of the current period. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not deemed necessary, as uncollectible taxes become a lien on the property taxes are levied on all taxable property as of July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, and become a lien on that date. Property taxes are payable on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

E. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by Oregon Local Budget Law. Budgets for all budgeted funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The City begins its budget process early in each fiscal year with the establishment of the budget committee. Recommendations are developed through late winter with the budget committee approving the budget in early spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are published generally in early spring with a public hearing being held approximately three weeks later. The Council may amend the budget prior to adoption; however, budgeted expenditures for each fund may not be increased by more than ten percent. The budget is then adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy declared no later than June 30th.

Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the following levels for each fund: Personal Services, Materials and Services, Capital Outlay, Operating Contingency, and Interfund Transactions.

Expenditures cannot legally exceed the above appropriation levels except in the case of grants which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. Management may amend line items in the budget without Council approval as long as appropriation levels (the legal level of control) are not changed. Supplemental appropriations may occur if the Council approves them due to a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations.

Budget/GAAP Reporting Differences Financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance/net position are reported on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The budgetary statements provided as part of the required supplementary information elsewhere in this report are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The budgetary basis of accounting is essentially the same as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with some exceptions. Those exceptions include capital outlay expenditures are expensed when purchased, depreciation and amortization are not calculated, property taxes are recorded as revenue when received, and debt is expensed as paid instead of when incurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at the original or estimated cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of five years. Currently the City does not own any intangible assets as defined by GASB Statement No. 51 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*. Intangible assets can include water rights, rights of way, and internal software development. Interest incurred during construction, maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	15 to 75 years
Equipment	5 to 15 years
Streets	40 years

G. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The City does not currently have any deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and as such will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one type of deferred inflow which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The item is shown as unavailable revenue and reported in the governmental funds balance sheet as Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes. This amount will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amount becomes available.

H. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium.

In the fund financial statements bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized when incurred. The face amount of the debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. RETIREMENT PLAN

City employees are participants in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). Contributions to PERS are made on a current basis as required by the plan and are charged to expenditures.

J. VESTED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned unused compensated absences and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service. Unused compensated absence pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

K. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

L. PREPAID ITEMS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2014 and as such are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

M. NET POSITION

Net position is classified in the following three categories:

<u>Invested in capital assets, net of related debt</u> – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There are no restricted assets.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – consists of all other assets that are not included in the other two categories.

On the **Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds**, fund balances are segregated into separate classifications indicating the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which those funds can be spent.

<u>Non-spendable fund balance</u> – The portion that cannot be spent because of form and/or legally or contractually required to remain intact.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – Constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Constraints also imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – Constraints imposed by City Council in the form of a resolution and requires resolution to remove.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – Constraints imposed by City Council who grants that authority to the City Manager. The form used to assign fund balance is a memorandum.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – Fund balance not categorized in one of the other classifications. Only the general fund should report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. For other funds a negative fund balance should be reported if more resources are used than are available in the fund.

The City will use restricted resources first then unrestricted resources as necessary. When only unrestricted resources are available for use the City will use committed resources, then assigned, and then unassigned resources as required.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Institutions:	
Petty Cash	\$ 2,935
Demand Deposits	446,603
Investments	 13,135,648
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 13,585,186

DEPOSITS - Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. The total bank balance per the bank statements is \$834,765. Of the current year bank balance, all is covered by federal depository insurance and are held at financial institutions on the list of qualified depositories found on the State of Oregon Treasurer's website. The accounts are non-interest bearing demand deposit accounts.

INVESTMENTS - The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon Revised Statues and the Oregon Investment Council govern the State's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Council and is responsible for all funds in the State Treasury. These funds must be invested, and the investments managed, as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Investments in the Fund are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board (OSTFB), which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund was in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized. There is no material difference between the fair value of the District's position in the State Treasurer's Local Investment Pool and the value of the pool shares at June 30, 2014. There were no known violations of legal or contractual provisions for deposits and investments during the fiscal year.

At year-end, the City's investment balances were as follows (carrying value is the same as fair market value):

		Investment Maturities (in months)			
Investement Type	Fair Value	Less than 3	3-18	18-59	
State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 13,135,648	\$ 13,135,648	\$ -	\$ -	
Total	\$ 13,135,648	\$ 13,135,648	\$ -	\$ -	

INTEREST RATE RISK – Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. The City does not have any investments with a maturity date exceeding 18 months.

CREDIT RISK – Oregon Revised Statutes does not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool is not rated.

CONCENTRATION OF RISK – At June 30, 2014, the City had 100% of total investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in this instrument.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in fixed assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities Capital Assets				
	June 30, 2013	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2014	
Capital Assets, not being depreciated					
Land and Improvements	\$ 3,435,117	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,435,117	
Totals, captial assets not being					
depreciated	3,435,117	-		3,435,117	
Capital Assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	10,107,762	-	-	10,107,762	
Vehicles	504,120	175,641	-	679,761	
Other Equipment	505,140	44,204	(10,518)	538,826	
Park Improvements	2,660,586	117,895	-	2,778,481	
Park Equipment	45,965	6,487	-	52,452	
Streets	51,529,693	376,370		51,906,063	
Totals, captial assets being depreciated	65,353,266	720,597	(10,518)	66,063,345	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings	(959,518)	(208,425)	-	(1,167,943)	
Vehicles	(245,127)	(53,043)	-	(298,170)	
Other Equipment	(174,287)	(49,371)	-	(223,658)	
Park Improvements	(985,821)	(126,490)	-	(1,112,311)	
Park Equipment	(20,161)	(4,268)	-	(24,429)	
Streets	(11,314,567)	(1,287,497)		(12,602,064)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(13,699,481)	(1,729,094)		(15,428,575)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated,					
net	51,653,785	(1,008,497)	(10,518)	50,634,770	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 55,088,902	\$ (1,008,497)	\$ (10,518)	\$ 54,069,887	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities Depreciation Allocation to Functions

General Government	\$ 1,537,568
Parks	51,247
Streets	 140,279
Total	\$ 1,729,094

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Full Faith and Credit Obligation Bonds

In August 2007 the City issued \$5,000,000 of full faith and credit obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction of a new city hall building. Interest coupon rates range from 4% to 4.25%. The bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. They are issued as 20-year serial bonds with increasing principal amounts due each year.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June			
30	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	215,000	160,944	375,944
2016	220,000	151,700	371,700
2017	230,000	142,138	372,138
2018	240,000	132,450	372,450
2019	250,000	122,650	372,650
2020	260,000	112,288	372,288
2021	270,000	101,356	371,356
2022	285,000	89,909	374,909
2023	295,000	77,947	372,947
2024	310,000	65,469	375,469
2025	325,000	52,169	377,169
2026	340,000	38,038	378,038
2027	355,000	23,269	378,269
2028	370,000	7,863	377,863
	\$ 3,965,000	\$ 1,278,188	\$ 5,243,188

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Change in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	6/30/2013	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2014	Due within one Year
Bonds Payable					
Full Faith & Credit Obligation, Series 2007, Interest 4%- 4.25%	\$ 4,170,000	\$-	\$ 205,000	\$ 3,965,000	\$ 215,000
Plus deferred amounts: Bond Premium	31,178		2,227	28,951	2,227
Total bonds payable	4,201,178		207,227	3,993,951	217,227
Compensated Absences	129,670	92,448	129,670	92,448	92,448
Total Long-term liabilities	\$ 4,330,848	\$ 92,448	\$ 336,897	\$ 4,086,399	\$ 309,675

5. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers is as follows:

	General Fund - GAAP	Street Fund - GAAP	Public Safety Fund - GAAP	Pedestrian Improvement Projects	Total Interfund Transfers		
Transfers In	\$ 1,913,384	\$ -	\$ 11,695	\$ -	\$ 1,925,079		
Transfers Out	(1,506,863)	(100,545)	(253,276)	(64,395)	(1,925,079)		
	\$ 406,521	\$ (100,545)	\$ (241,581)	\$ (64,395)	\$ -		

Transfers are budgeted and recorded to show legal commitments between funds.

6. COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

At June 30, 2014, the City's liability for compensated absences is estimated at \$92,448.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description

The City participates in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple -employer public employee retirement system. All employees of the City who work more than 600 hours each year are covered by the plans after six months of employment. PERS is a defined pension plan to which employee and employer contribute. Retirement is allowed at age 58 with full benefits, but retirement is generally available after age 55 with reduced benefits. Compulsory retirement is age 70. Retirement benefits are payable in lump sum or monthly amounts using several payment options. PERS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statute. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700.

Funding Policy

Covered employees are required by State statute to contribute 6% of their salary to the plan. Beginning in July 2003, the City began paying this amount for the employee. Employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$146,922. The City is required to contribute at actuarially determined rates, as adopted by the PERS Board. The current rate effective July 1, 2013 is 15.07% of covered payroll for Tier 1/2 employees and 11.11% for OPSRP employees.

Annual Pension Cost

The City's contribution to the plan for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 was \$309,867, \$245,631, and \$238,305 respectively, and was equal to the required contributions for the year.

8. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees of the City, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, are the property of the participants, and, accordingly are not recorded as assets of the City.

9. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATIONS

The State of Oregon has a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations. The limitation provides that property taxes for non-school operations are limited to \$10.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt.

An additional limit reduced the amount of operating property tax revenues available to the City for its 1997-98 fiscal year, and thereafter. This reduction was accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempt from the reductions. The Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax, many fee increases, and new bond issues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. CABLE PEG FEES

Cable PEG access is defined as Public, Educational and Governmental access collectively where the general public, schools and governmental institutions have the availability of equipment to create and the editorial control over non-commercial programming. The City has an existing cable franchise agreement that stipulates PEG access capital funds in the amount of 3% dedicated for the development of capital projects related to providing PEG access. PEG funds in the amount of \$574,984 are currently held as Restricted Fund Balance.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City purchases commercial insurance to minimize its exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

12. FUND BALANCE DETAIL

_	General Fund GAAP	Street Fund GAAP	SDC Fund	Pedestrian Improv Project	Public Safety GAAP	Total
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 20,963	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,963
PEG	574,984	_	-	_	-	574,984
Street Maint	-	607,924	-	-	-	607,924
SDC Projects	-	-	693,579	-	-	693,579
Ped Improvements	-	-	-	684,633	-	684,633
Public Safety		-	-	-	775,394	775,394
	574,984	607,924	693,579	684,633	775,394	3,336,514
Committe d						
Construction Fees	1,029,900	-	-	-	-	1,029,900
General Ops	1,200,000	-	-	-	-	1,200,000
Replacement	567,432	313,914	-	-	-	881,346
Pension	240,000	-	-	-	-	240,000
Debt Service	376,131	-	-	-	-	376,131
	3,413,463	313,914	-	-	-	3,727,377
Unassigned	5,048,990	-	-	-	-	5,048,990
Total Fund Balances	\$ 9,058,400	\$ 921,838	\$ 693,579	\$ 684,633	\$ 775,394	\$ 12,133,844

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. SEPARATION INCENTIVE OFFER

The City authorized a separation incentive for Public Works employees over the age of 65. The incentive provided for a split lump sum distribution of two-thirds month salary based on length of service. The incentive was calculated using the following formula: 66 and 2/3% of the employee's current monthly base salary for each year of service up to the half year at the time of separation. Those employees who chose to accept the incentive package would terminate employment either December 31, 2013 or February 1, 2014. Staff eligible for the incentive had 45 days from the date they received the incentive package to elect to participate. The amount attributable to the employees who accepted the package is reported as a payroll liability in the current financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other Financial Schedules

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

GENERAL FUND - GAAP BASIS										
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual			Variance Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES										
Property Taxes	\$	1,152,000	\$	1,152,000	\$	1,229,997	\$	77,997		
Licenses & Permits		2,271,800		2,271,800		3,498,523		1,226,723		
Intergovernmental		702,300		702,300		851,229		148,929		
Other Revenue		451,000		451,000		714,640		263,640		
Total Revenues		4,577,100		4,577,100		6,294,389		1,717,289		
EXPENDITURES										
Personal Services		4,009,340		4,009,340 (1)		3,341,957		667,383		
Materials & Services		1,757,123		1,729,473 (1)		1,196,441		533,032		
Debt Service		380,000		380,000 (1)		374,869		5,131		
Capital Outlay		435,095		435,095 (1)		207,222		227,873		
Contingency		1,571,418		1,200,418 (1)		-		1,200,418		
Total Expenditures		8,152,976		7,754,326		5,120,489		2,633,837		
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		(3,575,876)		(3,177,226)		1,173,900		4,351,126		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		1,542,384 (1,135,863)		1,913,384 (1,506,863) (1)		1,913,384 (1,506,863)		-		
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)		406,521		406,521		406,521		-		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,169,355)		(2,770,705)		1,580,421		4,351,126		
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis		4,567,791		4,567,791		7,477,979		2,910,188		
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$	1,398,436	\$	1,797,086	\$	9,058,400	\$	7,261,314		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

STREET FUND - GAAP BASIS										
	Original Final Budget Budget Act		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)						
REVENUES	¢	824.000	¢	824.000	¢	975 000	¢	51 000		
Gas Tax Revenue	\$	824,000	\$	824,000	\$	875,088	\$	51,088		
Other Revenue		62,000		62,000		50,616		(11,384)		
Total Revenues		886,000		886,000		925,704		39,704		
EXPENDITURES										
Personal Services		445,520		445,520 (1)		280,497		165,023		
Materials and Services		223,500		223,500 (1)		188,271		35,229		
Capital Outlay		441,435		441,435 (1)		129,516		311,919		
Total Expenditures		1,110,455		1,110,455		598,284		512,171		
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		(224,455)		(224,455)		327,420		551,875		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES) Transfers Out To:										
General Fund		(100,545)		(100,545)(1)		(100,545)		-		
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)		(100,545)		(100,545)		(100,545)				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(325,000)		(325,000)		226,875		551,875		
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis		638,914		638,914		694,963		56,049		
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$	313,914	\$	313,914	\$	921,838	\$	607,924		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Driginal Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual]	Variance Positive Vegative)
REVENUES					
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 58,024	\$	54,024
SDC-Storm Drainage	 41,800	 41,800	 93,194		51,394
Total Revenues	 45,800	 45,800	 151,218		105,418
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay					
SDC Projects-Transportation	146,800	146,800	75,518		71,282
SDC Projects-Storm Drainage	383,000	383,000	99,158		283,842
SDC Projects-Parks	 414,000	 414,000	 61,275		352,725
Total Capital Outlay	 943,800	 943,800 (1)	 235,951		707,849
Total Expenditures	 943,800	 943,800	 235,951		707,849
Net Change in Fund Balance	(898,000)	(898,000)	(84,733)		813,267
Beginning Fund Balance	 898,000	 898,000	 778,312		(119,688)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 693,579	\$	693,579

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

PEDESTRIAN IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS FUND

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	F	Variance Positive legative)
REVENUES						
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 63,029	\$	61,029
Privilege Tax		108,000	 108,000	 113,276		5,276
Total Revenues		110,000	 110,000	 176,305		66,305
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and Services						
Contract Engineering		10,000	10,000	-		10,000
Total Materials and Services		10,000	 10,000 (1)	 -		10,000
Capital Outlay						
Bicycle & Ped Pathways	_	585,605	 585,605	 55,895		529,710
Total Capital Outlay		585,605	 585,605 (1)	 55,895		529,710
Total Expenditures		595,605	 595,605	 55,895		539,710
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		(485,605)	 (485,605)	 120,410		606,015
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES) Transfers Out To:						
General Fund		(64,395)	(64,395) (1)	(64,395)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(550,000)	(550,000)	 56,015		606,015
Beginning Fund Balance		550,000	550,000	 628,618		78,618
Ending Fund Balance	\$		\$ 	\$ 684,633	\$	684,633

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

PUBLIC	SAF	ETY FUND - O	GAAI	P BASIS					
	Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual			/ariance Positive Vegative)
REVENUES	¢	2 411 000	¢	2 411 000		ተ	2 502 0 47	¢	01.047
Property Taxes	\$	2,411,000	\$	2,411,000		\$	2,502,947	\$	91,947
Other Revenue		25,000		25,000			148,972		123,972
Total Revenues		2,436,000		2,436,000			2,651,919		215,919
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and Services		2,518,697		2,518,697	(1)		2,479,857		38,840
Capital Outlay		26,200		26,200	(1)		26,200		-
Contingency		549,027		549,027	(1)		-		549,027
Total Expenditures		3,093,924		3,093,924			2,506,057		587,867
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		(657,924)		(657,924)			145,862		803,786
OTHER FINANCING (USES)									
Transfers In		11,695		11,695	(1)		11,695		-
Transfers Out		(253,276)		(253,276)	(1)		(253,276)		-
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)		(241,581)		(241,581)			(241,581)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(899,505)		(899,505)			(95,719)		803,786
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis		885,000		885,000			871,113		(13,887)
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$	(14,505)	\$	(14,505)		\$	775,394	\$	789,899

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other Financial Schedules

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES For the year ended June 30, 2014

	eneral Fund Budgetary Basis	Re	eneral Ops eserve Fund Budgetary Basis	Re	Pension serve Fund udgetary Basis	Re	eserve For eplacement sudgetary Basis*	E	Debt Service Budgetary Basis	A	eneral Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
ASSETS											
Cash and Investments Prepaid Items Accounts Receivable Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 7,123,126 20,963 246,749 72,673	\$	1,200,000 - - -	\$	240,000	\$	612,830 - 34,280 -	\$	376,131 - - -	\$	9,552,087 20,963 281,029 72,673
Total Assets	\$ 7,463,511	\$	1,200,000	\$	240,000	\$	647,110	\$	376,131	\$	9,926,752
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable Payroll and Taxes Payable Development Deposits Due to Other Governments	\$ 492,856 96,004 199,043 7,993	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$	6,401 - - -	\$	- - -	\$	499,257 96,004 199,043 7,993
Total Liabilities	 795,896						6,401		-		802,297
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	 66,055						-		-		66,055
FUND BALANCES											
Fund Balance By Category Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total Fund Balances	 20,963 501,707 1,029,900 5,048,990 6,601,560		- 1,200,000 - 1,200,000		- 240,000 - 240,000		73,277 567,432 - 640,709		376,131		20,963 574,984 3,413,463 5,048,990 9,058,400
i otal rund balances	 0,001,300		1,200,000		240,000		040,709		370,131		9,038,400
Total Liabilities, Deferred Outflows, and Fund Balances	\$ 7,463,511	\$	1,200,000	\$	240,000	\$	647,110	\$	376,131	\$	9,926,752

* Portion of this fund is allocated to the COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -PUBLIC SAFETY FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES STREET FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET STREET FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES For the year ended June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Street Fund Budgetary Basis		eserve For eplacement Budgetary Basis*	Street Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles		
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$ 546,311 78,437	\$	313,914	\$	860,225 78,437	
Total Assets	\$ 624,748	\$	313,914	\$	938,662	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll	\$ 11,202 5,622	\$	-	\$	11,202 5,622	
Total Liabilities	 16,824				16,824	
FUND BALANCES						
Fund Balance By Category Restricted Committed	 607,924		313,914		607,924 313,914	
Total Fund Balances	 607,924		313,914		921,838	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 624,748	\$	313,914	\$	938,662	

* Portion of this fund is allocated to the COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -GENERAL FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES PUBLIC SAFETY FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES For the year ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund Budgetary Basis	Gen Ops Reserve Fund Budgetary Basis	Pension Reserve Fund Budgetary Basis	Reserve for Replacement Budgetary Basis *	Debt Service Budgetary Basis	General Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 1,229,997	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,229,997
Licenses & Permits	3,365,785	-	-	132,738	-	3,498,523
Intergovernmental	851,229	-	-	-	-	851,229
Other Revenue	714,640					714,640
Total Revenues	6,161,651			132,738		6,294,389
EXPENDITURES						
Personal Services	3,341,957	-	-	-	-	3,341,957
Materials & Services	1,065,250	-	-	131,191	-	1,196,441
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	374,869	374,869
Capital Outlay		_		207,222		207,222
Total Expenditures	4,407,207			338,413	374,869	5,120,489
Excess of Revenues Over,						
(Under) Expenditures	1,754,444	-	-	(205,675)	(374,869)	1,173,900
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES)					
Transfers In	406,521	200,000	60,000	495,863	751,000	1,913,384
Transfers Out	(1,506,863)					(1,506,863)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	(1,100,342)	200,000	60,000	495,863	751,000	406,521
Net Chance in Fund Balance	654,102	200,000	60,000	290,188	376,131	1,580,421
Beginning Fund Balance	5,947,458	1,000,000	180,000	350,521		7,477,979
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 6,601,560	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 640,709	\$ 376,131	\$ 9,058,400

* Portion of this fund is allocated to the COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

- STREET FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

- PUBLIC SAFETY FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - STREET FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES For the year ended June 30, 2014

	 Street Fund Budgetary Basis	F	Reserve for Replacement Budgetary Basis*	Street Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles				
REVENUES								
Gas Tax Revenue	\$ 875,088	\$	-	\$	875,088			
Other Revenue	 50,616		-		50,616			
Total Revenues	 925,704		-		925,704			
EXPENDITURES								
Personal Services	280,497		-		280,497			
Materials & Services	188,271		-		188,271			
Capital Outlay	 129,516		-		129,516			
Total Expenditures	 598,284		-		598,284			
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	327,420		-		327,420			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES)								
Transfers Out	 (100,545)		-		(100,545)			
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	 (100,545)		-		(100,545)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	226,875		-		226,875			
Beginning Fund Balance	 381,049		313,914		694,963			
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 607,924	\$	313,914	\$	921,838			

* Portion of this fund is allocated to the COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

- GENERAL FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

- PUBLIC SAFETY FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - PUBLIC SAFETY FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES For the year ended June 30, 2014

		ublic Safety Fund Budgetary Basis	Rej Bi	serve for blacement udgetary Basis*	Ā	ic Safety Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
REVENUES Property Toyog	\$	2,502,947	\$		\$	2,502,947
Property Taxes Other Revenue	¢	148,972	\$	-	φ	148,972
Total Revenues		2,651,919				2,651,919
EXPENDITURES Materials & Services Capital Outlay		2,479,857		26,200		2,479,857 26,200
Total Expenditures		2,479,857		26,200		2,506,057
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures		172,062		(26,200)		145,862
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out		(253,276)		11,695		11,695 (253,276)
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)		(253,276)		11,695		(241,581)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(81,214)		(14,505)		(95,719)
Beginning Fund Balance		856,608		14,505		871,113
Ending Fund Balance	\$	775,394	\$	-	\$	775,394

* Portion of this fund is allocated to the COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

- GENERAL FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

- STREET FUND - GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

	<u>GENERAL FUND - BUDGI</u>	ETARY BASIS		
REVENUES	Original Budget	Original Final		Variance Positive (Negative)
Dreamanter Transce	¢ 1 152 000	¢ 1 1 52 000	¢ 1.220.007	¢ 77.007
Property Taxes	\$ 1,152,000	\$ 1,152,000	\$ 1,229,997	\$ 77,997
Licenses, Fees, and Permits:				
Franchise Fees	778,300	778,300	813,862	35,562
Building Permits and Fees	1,182,300	1,182,300	1,850,301	668,001
Planning Fees	103,000	103,000	257,370	154,370
Engineering Fees	65,000	65,000	215,683	150,683
User Related Fees	143,200	143,200	228,569	85,369
Total Licenses, Fees, and Permits	2,271,800	2,271,800	3,365,785	1,093,985
Intergovernmental:				
State Shared Revenues	321,500	321,500	386,622	65,122
Intergovernmental	380,800	380,800	464,607	83,807
Total Intergovernmental	702,300	702,300	851,229	148,929
Other Revenue:				
Traffic Fines	350,000	350,000	420,854	70,854
Municipal Court	39,000	39,000	88,782	49,782
Miscellaneous Revenue	62,000	62,000	205,004	143,004
Total Other Revenue	451,000	451,000	714,640	263,640
Total Revenues	4,577,100	4,577,100	6,161,651	1,584,551

Continued on next page

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

GENER	AL FUND - BUDG	ETARY BASIS		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
Personal Services				
Salaries	\$ 2,258,500	\$ 2,258,500	\$ 2,205,509	\$ 52,991
Employee Benefits	1,750,840	1,750,840	1,136,448	614,392
Total Personal Services	4,009,340	4,009,340 (1)	3,341,957	667,383
Materials and Services				
Supplies	79,400	79,400	73,994	5,406
Professional Development	148,800	148,800	125,379	23,421
Public Accountability	34,300	34,300	31,468	2,832
Utilities	135,500	135,500	100,618	34,882
Vehicle Operation and Maintenance	56,000	56,000	61,296	(5,296)
Repairs and Maintenance	105,100	105,100	124,110	(19,010)
Facility & Office Service Contracts	95,000	95,000	103,960	(8,960)
Public Outreach	80,000	80,000	119,119	(39,119)
General Operating	136,500	136,500	112,957	23,543
Legal	96,000	96,000	66,173	29,827
Public Safety Related	50,400	50,400	25,801	24,599
Contract Services	250,000	250,000	120,375	129,625
Total Materials and Services	1,267,000	1,267,000 (1)	1,065,250	201,750
Contingency	1,571,418	1,200,418 (1)		1,200,418
Total Expenditures	6,847,758	6,476,758	4,407,207	2,069,551
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(2,270,658)	(1,899,658)	1,754,444	3,654,102
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES)				
Transfers In Transfers Out To:	406,521	406,521	406,521	-
Reserve for Pension Fund	(60,000)	(60,000) (1)	(60,000)	_
Reserve for General Operations Fund	(200,000)	(200,000) (1)	(200,000)	_
Reserve for Replacement Fund	(495,863)	(495,863) (1)	(495,863)	_
Debt Service Fund	(380,000)	(751,000) (1)	(751,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	(729,342)	(1,100,342)	(1,100,342)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)	654,102	3,654,102
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	3,000,000	3,000,000	5,947,458	2,947,458
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,601,560	\$ 6,601,560
(1) Appropriation Level				· · · · ·
(.). ppropriation 2010				

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

STREET FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS									
DEVENILIES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenue Gas Tax Revenue Miscellaneous Revenue	\$ 60,000 824,000 2,000	\$ 60,000 824,000 2,000	\$ 48,196 875,088 2,420	\$ (11,804) 51,088 420					
Total Revenues	886,000	886,000	925,704	39,704					
EXPENDITURES Personal Services Salaries	224,500	224,500	175,476	49,024					
Employee Benefits	224,300	224,500	175,476	49,024 115,999					
Total Personal Services	445,520	445,520 (1)	280,497	165,023					
Materials and Services Supplies Professional Development Utilities Vehicle Expenses Repairs and Maintenance General Operating Contract Services Total Materials and Services	7,500 5,300 10,700 37,000 120,000 16,000 27,000 223,500	$7,500 \\ 5,300 \\ 10,700 \\ 37,000 \\ 120,000 \\ 16,000 \\ 27,000 \\ \hline 223,500 $ (1)	2,039 4,482 7,112 49,764 98,905 19,915 6,054 188,271	5,461 818 3,588 (12,764) 21,095 (3,915) 20,946 35,229					
Capital Outlay Street Reconstruction	441,435	441,435	129,516	311,919					
Total Capital Outlay	441,435	441,435 (1)	129,516	311,919					
Total Expenditures	1,110,455	1,110,455	598,284	512,171					
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(224,455)	(224,455)	327,420	551,875					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, (USES) Transfers Out To: General Fund	(100,545)	(100,545)(1)	(100,545)						
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	(100,545)	(100,545)	(100,545)						
Net Change in Fund Balance	(325,000)	(325,000)	226,875	551,875					
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	325,000	325,000	381,049	56,049					
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ -	\$	\$ 607,924	\$ 607,924					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

PUBLIC SA	FETY FUND - BU	DGETARY BASIS		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	\$ 25.000	\$ 25.000	¢ 140.073	¢ 122.072
Misc Revenue		-)	\$ 148,972 2,502,047	\$ 123,972 01.047
Property Taxes	2,411,000	2,411,000	2,502,947	91,947
Total Revenues	2,436,000	2,436,000	2,651,919	215,919
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and Services				
Office Supplies	10,000	10,000	22,904	(12,904)
Professional Development	10,000	10,000	8,894	1,106
Utilities	14,000	14,000	15,597	(1,597)
Vehicle Operation and Maintenance	8,000	8,000	11,558	(3,558)
Repairs and Maintenance	15,000	15,000	18,095	(3,095)
Public Outreach	17,000	17,000	15,115	1,885
Legal	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Contract Services	30,000	30,000	15,037	14,963
Contract Police Protection	2,409,697	2,409,697	2,372,657	37,040
Total Materials and Services	2,518,697	2,518,697 (1)	2,479,857	38,840
Contingency	549,027	549,027 (1)		549,027
Total Expenditures	3,067,724	3,067,724	2,479,857	587,867
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(631,724)	(631,724)	172,062	803,786
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers Out To:				
General Fund	(241,581)	(241,581)	(241,581)	-
Reserve for Replacement	(11,695)	(11,695)	(11,695)	
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	(253,276)	(253,276) (1)	(253,276)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(885,000)	(885,000)	(81,214)	803,786
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	885,000	885,000	856,608	(28,392)
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 775,394	\$ 775,394

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

PENSION RESERVE FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	
Contingency	Φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-
Total Expenditures				-				-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In From:								
General Fund		60,000		60,000		60,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		60,000		60,000		60,000		-
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis		180,000		180,000		180,000		-
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$	240,000	\$	240,000	\$	240,000	\$	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

GENERAL OPERATIONS RESERVE FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In From: General Fund	\$	200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$	
Net Change in Fund Balance		200,000	200,000	200,000		-
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis		1,000,000	 1,000,000	 1,000,000		
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$	1,200,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$	_

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

RESERVE FOR REPLACEMENT - BUDGETARY BASIS

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
PEG Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132,738	\$ 132,738
Total Revenues			132,738	132,738
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and Services				
Equipment under \$5,000	275,000	275,000	77,650	197,350
Repairs and Maintenance	200,123	172,473	53,541	118,932
Education Benefits	15,000	15,000		15,000
Total Materials and Services	490,123	462,473 (1) 131,191	331,282
Capital Outlay				
Vehicles	261,295	261,295	175,641	85,654
Equipment over \$5,000	500,000	500,000	57,781	442,219
Total Capital Outlay	761,295	761,295 (1	.) 233,422	527,873
Total Expenditures	1,251,418	1,223,768	364,613	859,155
Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures	(1,251,418)	(1,223,768)	(231,875)	991,893
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers In From:				
General Fund	495,863	495,863	495,863	-
Public Safety Fund	11,695	11,695	11,695	
Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses)	507,558	507,558	507,558	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,758,976	1,731,326	275,683	859,155
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	716,210	716,210	678,940	(37,270)
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ 2,475,186	\$ 2,447,536	\$ 954,623	\$ 821,885

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET For the year ended June 30, 2014

DEBT SERVICE - BUDGETARY BASIS

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service							
Principal Payments	\$ 210,000	\$ 210,000	\$	205,000	\$	5,000	
Interest Payments	 170,000	170,000		169,869		131	
Total Debt Services	 380,000	 380,000 (1)	374,869		5,131	
Total Expenditures	 380,000	 380,000		374,869		5,131	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers In							
From General Fund	 380,000	 751,000		751,000		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	371,000		376,131		(5,131)	
Beginning Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	 	 		-		-	
Ending Fund Balance - Budgetary Basis	\$ _	\$ 371,000	\$	376,131	\$	(5,131)	
(1) Appropriation Level							

OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED - GENERAL FUND For the year ended June 30, 2014

Tax Year	U	Imposed Levy or Uncollected At 7/1/13		Deduct Discounts		Adjustments To Rolls		Add Interest				-	acollected 6/30/14
CURRENT: 2013-2014	\$	3,819,691	\$	(96,981)	\$	(6,260)	\$	1,257	\$	3,621,704	\$	96,003	
PRIOR YEARS:													
2012-2013		104,431		55		(2,859)		3,121		53,823		50,925	
2011-2012		58,193		18		(907)		3,413		25,229		35,488	
2010-2011		37,133		4		(258)		3,909		20,417		20,371	
2009-2010		20,698		1		(391)		1,761		7,709		14,360	
2008-2009 & Prio	or	6,443		2		(896)		(59)		1,104		4,386	
Total Prior		226,898		80		(5,311)		12,145		108,282		125,530	
Total	\$	4,046,589	\$	(96,901)	\$	(11,571)	\$	13,402	\$	3,729,986	\$	221,533	

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUE:

Cash Collections by County Treasurer Above	\$ 3,729,986
Accrual of Receivables:	
June 30, 2013	(17,008)
June 30, 2014	 19,966
Total Revenue	\$ 3,732,944

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

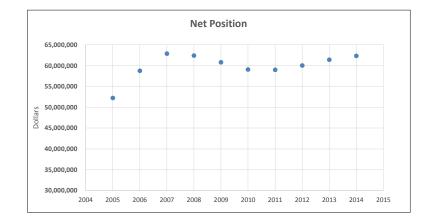
This part of the Government's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	61-64
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand	
how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	65-68
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the	
government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	69
This schedule presents information to help the reader assess the	
afordability of the government's current level of outstanding debt and the	
government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Operating Information	70
This schedule contains servicedata to help the reader understand how the	
information in the government's financial report relates to the services	

the government provides and the activities it performs.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year															
		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities																
Net investment in capital assets	\$	44,338,445	\$	48,222,368	\$	51,064,396	\$	50,638,277	\$	53,377,979	\$	52,107,967	\$ 51,755,194	\$ 51,692,187	\$ 50,887,724	\$ 50,075,936
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	3,968,439	3,169,038	3,357,477
Unrestricted		7,896,461		10,547,823		11,796,592		11,748,377		7,390,456		6,946,138	7,224,869	4,349,283	7,362,168	8,885,486
Total governmental																
activities net position	\$	52,234,906	\$	58,770,191	\$	62,860,988	\$	62,386,654	\$	60,768,435	\$	59,054,105	\$ 58,980,063	\$ 60,009,909	\$ 61,418,930	\$ 62,318,899



CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

										Fiscal Year										
		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Expenses																				
Governmental Activities:																				
General government	\$	130,869	\$	1,523,824	\$	1,936,126	\$	4,909,642	\$	6,429,265	\$	6,813,644	\$	5,845,840	\$	5,288,728	\$	7,446,207	\$	8,447,692
Building*		860,846		1,164,901		920,768		797,763		707,295		459,832		449,108		354,939				-
Parks		32,388		20,723		48,768		2,054,712		126,200		97,482		104,307		228,276		255,454		281,561
Storm Drainage		-		-		-		24,302		58,962		1,900		22,219		233,290		146,494		99,158
Streets		161,525		171,315		182,429		4,366		252,246		614,011		315,636		688,684		950,813		671,559
Interest of long term debt		-		-		-		181,666		205,360		199,728		192,185		184,322		176,141		167,642
Total Expenses		1,185,628		2,880,763		3,088,091		7,972,451		7,779,328		8,186,597		6,929,295		6,978,239		8,975,109		9,667,612
Program Revenues																				
Governmental Activities:																				
Charges for services																				
General government	\$	1,375,356	\$	2,183,616	\$	1,808,138	\$	1,324,799	\$	1,314,049	\$	1,080,402	\$	1,090,411	\$	1,179,696	\$	2,684,628	\$	3,498,523
Building*		1,416,876		2,004,082		1,142,954		840,582		516,393		359,716		419,030		1,086,750		N1		N1
Parks		1,032,679		1,944,209		30,913		22,651		71,006		36,668		16,063		28,499		-		-
Storm Drainage		78,302		133,837		63,295		44,250		67,766		32,052		29,579		82,626		214,139		93,194
Streets		-		-		-		75,686		88,763		100,250		99,992		107,439		110,037		113,276
Operating grants and contributions		14,500		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Program Revenues		3,917,713		6,265,744		3,045,300		2,307,968		2,057,977		1,609,088		1,655,075		2,485,010		3,008,804		3,704,993
Net (Expense)/Revenue																				
Governmental Activities	\$	2,732,085	s	3,384,981	s	(42,791)	s	(5,664,483)	s	(5,721,351)	\$	(6,577,509)	\$	(5,274,220)	\$	(4,493,229)	s	(5,966,305)	\$	(5,962,619)
Governmental Activities	φ	2,152,065	ę	5,564,981	Ģ	(42,791)	φ	(5,004,485)	φ	(3,721,331)	φ	(0,577,509)	φ	(3,274,220)	φ	(4,493,229)	Ģ	(3,900,303)	Ģ	(3,902,019)
General Revenues																				
Governmental Activities:																				
Property Taxes		1,399,978		1,723,220		2,197,477	\$	2,633,223	\$	3,014,825	\$	3,189,193	\$	3,270,206		3,378,350		3,437,933		3,724,620
Other Taxes		312,783		367,268		389,193		428,381		422,485		475,910		602,531		774,660		803,621		875,088
Intergovernmental-unrestrictec		233,821		311,452		498,671		559,998		567,585		542,842		587,554		653,180		790,718		851,229
Other Revenue		315,464		748,364		1,048,247		1,036,599		749,804		655,234		739,887		716,885		855,677		1,411,651
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		-		-		-		531,948		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total general revenues, transfers, and special iten	\$	2,262,046	\$	3,150,304	\$	4,133,588	\$	5,190,149	\$	4,754,699	\$	4,863,179	\$	5,200,178	\$	5,523,075	\$	5,887,949	\$	6,862,588
	¢	4004 121	<u> </u>	6 525 205	¢	1 000 707	¢	(171.22.0)	ć	(0.66.652)	¢	(1.514.220)	¢	(71.042)	¢	1.020.046	ĉ	(70.254)	¢	000.050
Change in Net Position	\$	4,994,131	\$	6,535,285	\$	4,090,797	\$	(474,334)	\$	(966,652)	\$	(1,714,330)	\$	(74,042)	\$	1,029,846	\$	(78,356)	\$	899,969

*Note - In 2013, the Building Department was rolled into General Governmer

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	 2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,744	\$ 20,963
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	604,874	501,707	574,984
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,645,793	3,413,463
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	497,608	537,122	-	-
Unassigned	2,576,799	2,312,092	1,379,393	815,253	786,385	1,708,335	1,966,658	3,319,453	4,307,735	5,048,990
Total general fund	\$ 2,576,799	\$ 2,312,092	\$ 1,379,393	\$ 815,253	\$ 786,385	\$ 1,708,335	\$ 2,464,266	\$ 4,461,449	\$ 7,477,979	\$ 9,058,400
All other governmental funds										
Restricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,361,626	\$ 3,363,565	\$ 2,644,587	\$ 2,761,530
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	836,210	328,419	313,914
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	210,683	-	-	-
Unassigned	5,321,430	8,242,769	10,416,995	10,749,472	6,401,003	5,033,388	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 5,321,430	\$ 8,242,769	\$ 10,416,995	\$ 10,749,472	\$ 6,401,003	\$ 5,033,388	\$ 4,572,309	\$ 4,199,775	\$ 2,973,006	\$ 3,075,444

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

							Fiscal Year							
	 2005		2006	2007	2008		2009	2010	2011	20	12	2013		2014
REVENUES														
Property taxes	\$ 1,394,371	\$	1,716,791	\$ 2,176,495	\$ 2,595,325	\$	2,961,417	\$ 3,173,950	\$ 3,279,877 \$	3,3	344,880 \$	3,434,4	15 \$	3,732,944
Gas Tax	312,783		367,268	389,193	428,381		422,485	475,910	602,531	-	774,660	803,6	21	875,088
Licenses and permits	2,822,078		4,207,578	2,965,117	2,263,718		1,934,931	1,560,507	1,625,496	2,4	402,384	2,794,6	55	3,611,799
System Development Charges	1,095,635		2,058,166	80,183	44,250		123,046	48,581	29,579		82,626	214,1	39	93,194
Intergovernmental	233,821		311,452	498,671	559,998		567,585	542,842	587,554	(553,180	790,7	18	851,229
Other Revenue	315,464		748,364	1,048,247	1,036,599		749,804	655,234	739,887		716,885	855,6	77	1,035,281
Total Revenues	 6,174,152		9,409,619	 7,157,906	 6,928,271		6,759,268	 6,457,024	 6,864,924	7,9	974,615	8,893,2	35	10,199,535
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
Personal Services	1,523,830		2,084,880	2,361,712	2,573,378		2,824,943	2,952,546	2,900,904	2,8	875,971	3,200,2	52	3,622,454
Materials & Services	1,617,701		1,886,269	2,012,428	2,202,367		3,134,640	3,184,748	2,973,049	3,0	083,355	3,445,2	10	3,864,569
Debt Service:														
Principal	-		-	-	-		90,000	175,000	180,000		190,000	195,0	00	205,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	-	183,894		207,588	201,956	194,413		186,550	178,3	59	169,869
Capital Outlay	955,100		2,781,838	1,542,239	10,130,390		4,879,434	386,439	321,706	4	551,212	1,152,1	57	654,784
Total Expenditures	 4,096,631		6,752,987	 5,916,379	 15,090,029		11,136,605	 6,900,689	 6,570,072	6,8	887,088	8,170,9	88	8,516,676
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues														
over Expenditures	2,077,521		2,656,632	1,241,527	(8,161,758)		(4,377,337)	(443,665)	294,852	1,0	087,527	722,2	47	1,682,859
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in	1,214,541		4,268,503	4,388,198	1,796,143		1,142,440	2,061,390	342,900	5	884,083	2,652,4	13	1,925,079
Transfers out	(1,214,541) ((1)	(4,268,503)	(4,388,198)	(1,796,143)		(1,142,440)	(2,061,390)	(342,900)	(8	884,083)	(2,652,4	13)	(1,925,079)
Bond Proceeds	-		-	=	5,044,546		-	-	-		-		-	-
Proceeds from Land Sale	-		-	-	2,885,549		-	-	-		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		-	 -	 7,930,095	_	-	 -	 					-
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,077,521	\$	2,656,632	\$ 1,241,527	\$ (231,663)	\$	(4,377,337)	\$ (443,665)	\$ 294,852 \$	1,0	087,527	5 722,2	47 \$	1,682,859
C C	 	<u> </u>	,	 , , ,	 (- ,	<u> </u>	(<	 	-,.				,,
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	3.71%		4.76%	5.79%	5.99%		5.94%		2%	4.77%

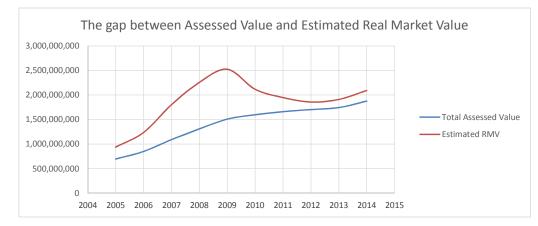
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Assessed Value										_				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Real property		Personal property		Manuf'd structure		Public utility		Total assessed value		Total direct tax rate		Estimated real market value (RMV)	Assessed value as percentage of RMV
2005	\$	676,633,373	\$	3,939,159	\$	918,943	\$	13,661,413	\$	695,152,888	\$	2.05	\$	938,703,822	74.05
2006		828,827,404		4,387,149		1,102,142		14,052,959		848,369,654		2.05		1,235,549,836	68.66
2007		1,067,150,898		5,132,513		1,089,594		17,162,800		1,090,535,805		2.05		1,802,196,431	60.51
2008		1,279,795,614		5,357,440		1,092,109		22,157,590		1,308,402,753		2.05		2,257,260,873	58.00
2009		1,473,382,597		9,569,639		1,150,881		24,327,080		1,508,430,197		2.05		2,525,081,387	59.70
2010		1,548,398,234		8,249,070		1,072,634		39,468,140		1,597,188,078		2.05		2,116,716,946	75.46
2011		1,610,806,718		8,698,169		1,046,052		40,575,700		1,661,126,639		2.05		1,947,677,381	85.30
2012		1,651,831,555		7,806,424		1,052,525		42,239,100		1,702,929,604		2.05		1,857,342,675	91.70
2013		1,694,660,433		6,990,997		1,174,223		40,380,600		1,743,206,253		2.05		1,909,870,958	91.30
2014		1,825,265,969		7,350,321		1,181,489		41,387,160		1,875,184,939		2.05		2,092,293,811	89.60

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office

Note: Property is generally assessed as of July 1st of each fiscal year

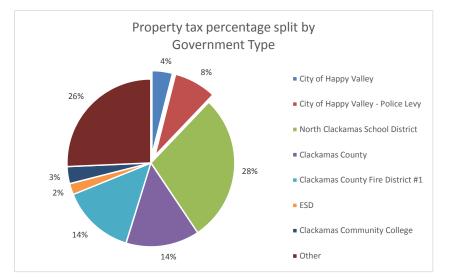


PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		City direct rate	es	_						
			Total			Clackamas	Education	Clackamas		Total
Fiscal	General	Police	Direct	School	Clackamas	County	Service	Community		Direct and
Year	Operating	Levy	Rate	District	County	Fire Dist #1	District	College	Other	Overlapping
2005	\$ 0.671	\$ 1.38	2.05	\$ 4.46	\$ 2.40	\$ 2.21	\$ 0.3591	0.5408	2.9117	\$ 14.95
2006	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.47	2.40	2.24	0.3590	0.5411	2.8831	14.95
2007	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.64	2.40	2.31	0.3624	0.5481	2.9576	15.27
2008	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.62	2.40	2.30	0.3620	0.5476	4.2262	16.52
2009	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.60	2.40	2.31	0.3611	0.5463	4.1153	16.39
2010	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.57	2.40	2.30	0.3620	0.5450	4.7103	16.94
2011	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.57	2.40	2.30	0.3619	0.5449	4.7269	16.95
2012	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.59	2.40	2.30	0.3624	0.5459	5.1649	17.42
2013	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.58	2.40	2.30	0.3623	0.5455	4.7792	17.02
2014	0.671	1.38	2.05	4.82	2.40	2.38	0.3676	0.5560	4.3478	16.93

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office



PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2013-14			2004-05	
ank	Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
1	Sunrise Terrace Apartments LLC	\$25,464,576	1	1.36%			
2	ROIC Oregon LLC	24,349,237	2	1.30%			
3	TADC LLC	20,590,644	3	1.10%			
4	DR Horton Inc- Portland	13,146,359	4	0.70%			
5	Comcast Corporation	12,397,300	5	0.66%	1,860,097	9	0.27%
6	Portland General Electric Co	12,167,000	6	0.65%	4,032,000	3	0.58%
7	TRC MM LLC	7,852,559	7	0.42%	5,640,583	1	0.81%
8	Northwest Natural Gas Co	7,629,000	8	0.41%	4,262,900	2	0.61%
9	Sabal Financial Group LP	7,327,098	9	0.39%			
10	Providence Health & Services- OR	4,983,608	10	0.27%			
	NNP-Taralon LLC				3,474,612	4	0.50%
	Sprint Nextel Group				2,546,700	5	0.37%
	Geo LLC				2,522,696	6	0.36%
	TPOR-A LLC				2,168,766	7	0.31%
	JT Smith Companies				1,953,961	8	0.28%
	Austria Camilo Trustee				1,500,761	10	0.22%
		\$ 135,907,381		7.25%	\$ 29,963,076		4.31%

Source: Clackamas County Assessor's Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected y	within the				
		Fiscal Year	of the Levy		_	Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal	Total Tax			Collections in			
Year Ended	Levy for	Amount	Percentage	Subsequent		Amount	Percentage
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Collected	of Levy	Years		Collected	of Levy
2005	\$1,443,486	\$1,365,186	94.58%	\$27,857	\$	1,393,043	96.51%
2006	1,770,442	1,682,647	95.04%	33,802		1,716,449	96.95%
2007	2,253,189	2,134,326	94.72%	40,005		2,174,331	96.50%
2008	2,699,731	2,538,635	94.03%	54,227		2,592,862	96.04%
2009	3,092,721	2,880,037	93.12%	74,628		2,954,665	95.54%
2010	3,271,293	3,064,203	93.67%	108,798		3,173,001	97.00%
2011	3,379,779	3,163,897	93.61%	115,825		3,279,722	97.04%
2012	3,456,635	3,248,651	93.98%	97,334		3,345,985	96.80%
2013	3,532,604	3,331,232	94.30%	102,808		3,434,040	97.21%
2014	3,819,691	3,621,704	94.82%	108,282		3,729,986	97.65%

Source: Annual financial statements of the City of Happy Valley

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended <u>June 30</u>	General Obligation Bonds (2)	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund (3)	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita
2005	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00%	\$0
2006	0	0	0	0.00%	0
2007	0	0	0	0.00%	0
2008	5,042,318	0	5,042,318	0.22%	440
2009	4,950,090	0	4,950,090	0.20%	432
2010	4,772,862	0	4,772,862	0.23%	339
2011	4,590,634	0	4,590,634	0.24%	320
2012	4,398,406	0	4,398,406	0.24%	294
2013	4,201,178	0	4,201,178	0.22%	270
2014	3,993,951	376,131	3,617,820	0.17%	220

Note: Details regarding the city's oustanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

(1) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 65 for property value data.

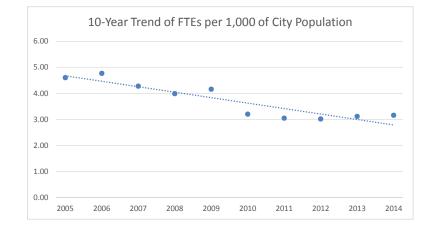
- (2) Presented net of original issuance discounts and premiums
- (3) This is the amount available to make debt service principal payments

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30													
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014				
Function														
Administration	9	6.5	5.5	5.5	7	6	9	7.5	6	7				
Community Services and Public Safety	3	5	6.5	8	8.5	9	8.5	10	10.5	10.5				
Economic and Community Development	10	19	18	16	12	10	8	8.5	11.5	14				
Public Works / Parks / Streets	5	7	7	7	9	9	7	8	9	9				
Public Safety - Police Officers	6.4	6.4	7.4	9.15	11.15	11.15	11.15	11.15	11.5	11.5				
Total FTE's	33.4	43.9	44.4	45.65	47.65	45.15	43.65	45.15	48.5	52				
City Population	7,264	9,210	10,380	11,455	11,465	14,100	14,337	14,965	15,575	16,480				
FTE's per 1,000 of population	4.60	4.77	4.28	3.99	4.16	3.20	3.04	3.02	3.11	3.16				

Sources: Various city departments



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION



PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Happy Valley, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2014. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected officials collecting or receiving money.

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon

Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Merive + Company

Merina & Company, LLP West Linn, Oregon December 10, 2014